MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

Dear Friends,

As the president of William Jessup University, one of my ultimate responsibilities is to ensure the security of our campus and in particular the safety of our students. This is a responsibility shared by every member of the WJU community, and we take it very seriously, as this report demonstrates.

You will see from reading this report that our commitment to security goes beyond crime prevention and law enforcement, though these are very important components. It also includes fire prevention and proper building maintenance, emergency notification, laboratory safety and sound human relations policies. WJU has a safety committee which includes faculty, staff and senior administrators who take an active role in promoting a safe campus in all facets of the university's operations.

Finally, we firmly believe that a commitment to safety must include a commitment to the transparent reporting of campus crime statistics and security policies so that we can accurately judge our efforts and ensure that we are held accountable by our students, their parents and the public. Thank you for all you do to make our campus community a safe and trusting environment.

Sincerely,

John Jackson, Ph.D.
President
William Jessup University

MESSAGE FROM THE DIRECTOR OF CAMPUS SAFETY

Greetings,

A safe and secure campus environment is an essential part in fulfilling a university's educational mission and in assisting students to achieve their purpose for which they have come. This is why a top priority at WJU is the physical safety and well-being of our students, faculty, staff, and visitors.

This report represents an important part of our commitment to safety – the transparent reporting of campus crime statistics and security policies with the goal of minimizing the risk of crimes to everyone who steps foot on campus.

Campus safety is a responsibility shared by all members of the campus community, including faculty, staff and also the students themselves. As the Director of Campus Safety, my job is to be planner, educator, and role model, helping young adults mature into responsible citizens and guiding other university employees in creating a safe and comfortable campus environment.

Sincerely,

Dean Cross
Director of Campus Safety
William Jessup University
# Table of Contents

Introduction: The Jeanne Clery Act ................................................................. 4
A Message from the Department of Campus Safety ........................................ 4
Mission, Vision, and Value Statements .............................................................. 5
William Jessup University Campus ................................................................. 6
Campus Enforcement Authority ......................................................................... 6
    Rocklin Police Department at a Glance ......................................................... 6
    WJU Department of Campus Safety at a Glance ........................................... 7
Campus Security Authority .............................................................................. 7
Reporting Criminal Incidents and Other Emergencies .................................... 9
Confidential Reporting Policy ........................................................................ 10
Daily Crime Log ............................................................................................... 11
Crime Prevention ............................................................................................. 11
Clery Act Crime 2011-2013 ............................................................................ 12
Federal Law Bias Incident .............................................................................. 12
Emergency Response ..................................................................................... 13
    Emergency Notification System ................................................................. 13
Timely Warnings ........................................................................................... 14
Missing Student Policy and Procedures .......................................................... 16
Alcohol and Drug Policy and Procedures ....................................................... 17
Sexual Offense Policy and Procedures ............................................................. 20
    Title IX and Harassment Policy ................................................................. 21
Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking Policy ................................. 26
Registered Sex Offenders ............................................................................. 28
Evacuation Procedures ................................................................................. 29
Personal Safety ............................................................................................. 31
Campus Fire Logs ........................................................................................... 36
Fire and Fire Prevention ............................................................................... 36
Student Fire Safety Education Program ......................................................... 36
Fire Evacuation Policy ................................................................................... 36
Fire Drills ....................................................................................................... 36
Fire Safety Policies ....................................................................................... 36
Campus Fire Statistics .................................................................................... 39
Residence Hall Fire Safety and Sprinkler Systems .......................................... 39
Appendix A: University Maps ........................................................................ 40
Appendix B: Staybridge Suites Maps .............................................................. 41
Appendix C: Clery Act Crime Definitions ....................................................... 43
Appendix D: Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking Definitions .... 45
Appendix E: Sanctions, Process, and Appeals ................................................ 46
Introduction: The Jeanne Clery Act

Enacted in 1990, The Student Right to Know and the Campus Security Act was designed to “...assist students in making decisions which affect their personal safety...” and “...to make sure institutions of higher education provide students, prospective students, and faculty the information they need to avoid becoming the victims of campus crime.” The Higher Education Act of 1998 and the subsequent amendment of the implementing regulations (34 C.F.R. 668.46 et. seq.) significantly expanded institutions’ obligations under the Act. The Act was also renamed the “Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act” (hereafter the Clery Act). The Clery Act requires colleges and universities to:

- Publish an annual report every year by October 1 that contains three years of campus crime statistics and certain campus security policy statements.
- Disclose crime statistics for the campus, public areas immediately adjacent to or running through the campus, and certain non-campus facilities. The statistics must be gathered from campus police or security, local law enforcement, and other University officials who have “significant responsibility for student and campus activities.”
- Provide “timely warning” notices of those crimes that have occurred and pose an ongoing “threat to students and employees.”
- Disclose in a public crime log “any crime that occurred on campus . . . or within the patrol jurisdiction of the campus police or the campus security department and is reported to the campus police or security department.”

The William Jessup University Annual Security Report (ASR) has been prepared to comply with the Clery Act and is published on the William Jessup University website at http://www.jessup.edu/campus-safety/. Each member of the university community receives an email that describes the report and is provided the web address along with a link. All community members are encouraged to use this report as a guide for safe practices on and off campus. This Annual Report is also available to prospective students and prospective employees via the Campus Safety website. For a written copy of the report, please contact the WJU Department of Campus Safety at (916) 577-7070.

The ASR also includes current information about the WJU Campus Safety Department policies, campus crime statistics, crime prevention information, crime reporting procedures and contact information. There is valuable information related to the WJU policies regarding sexual assault offenses, missing student notification procedures, liquor law and drug violations, hate crimes, emergency response and evacuation procedures and fire safety procedures and statistics. The Fire Safety portion of Annual Security Report includes information on fire safety procedures, statistics, reports and documentation.

A Message from the Department of Campus Safety

The Department of Campus Safety welcomes you to William Jessup University. Each student, faculty member, and staff member enriches this community in many ways, including the way in which each member of the WJU community contributes to campus safety and security. Although policies and systems are in place at WJU for a safe campus, we believe safety is everyone’s responsibility by routinely being aware of your surroundings and looking out for one another.

It is an unfortunate fact that criminal incidents of all types occur on university and college campuses. The Campus Security Act of 1990 requires colleges to make public the nature and the frequency of crimes. WJU follows this law and believes that reporting this information to the public increases community awareness of taking steps to prevent criminal activity. In setting department policies, Campus Safety has made a tremendous effort to respect the individual’s rights and yet look out for the greater good of the community. We believe the
more comfortable an individual feels about coming forward with information, the safer the whole community will be.

It may seem like a paradox, but Campus Safety believes that caution actually creates an environment of freedom. Building a healthy avoidance of risk into one's daily routine can preserve freedom to come and go as they please. First, habitual safety frees the mind from constantly being on guard—we'd like our community to be alert, but not paranoid. Second, if we all routinely avoid the risk of injury to ourselves, our belongings, and each other, then we are freer to live life to the fullest. For example, you would want to lock up a mountain bike today so that it can be taken off-road tomorrow. Since a Campus Safety Officer cannot be at all places all the time, we have adopted the moto: “Safety and Security is Everyone's Responsibility”.

With that in mind and in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act, the Department of Campus Safety has the privilege of preparing and publishing the annual security report. The objective of this report is threefold:

1. To enhance the awareness of students, prospective students, and their families of crime statistics reported to the college community and local law enforcement for incidents occurring both on the main campus and Staybridge Suites where several WJU students are housed.
2. To provide information regarding the policies and procedures the college has implemented to foster and promote a safe and secure learning environment.
3. To provide a list of resources and assistance information for victims of a crime.

**Mission Statement**

It is the purpose of the WJU Department of Campus Safety to protect and maintain the safety of our campus environment, making possible the preparation of Christian leaders by safeguarding the lives and assets of the community we serve.

**Vision Statement**

In partnership with our community, it is the vision of the WJU Department of Campus Safety to reduce crime, enhance quality of life and provide a safe and secure learning and living environment. The Department of Campus Safety seeks to be a model for professionalism by exemplifying the highest standards of leadership and service both on and off duty.

**Value Statements**

Leadership: Exemplifying the highest standards of professionalism and responsibility.
Integrity: Impartiality in decision making and unwavering adherence to duty.
Reliability: Reinforcing community trust in the Department of Campus Safety by consistency in action.
Communication: Promoting campus wide accountability and cooperation.
Compassion: Responding with understanding and empathy in service to our community.
William Jessup University Campus

William Jessup University is nestled at the base of the Sierra foothills in beautiful Placer County. Rocklin is well known as a city that takes pride in the statement, "A family community growing together."

The campus includes 125 acres at 333 Sunset Boulevard. The ASR crime and fire statistics will include crimes that follow the Clery Act definitions for those crimes committed on campus, as well as the sidewalks and street in front of the campus along Sunset Blvd and Staybridge Suites, a non-campus facility located at 6664 Lonetree Boulevard in Rocklin.

The College has the right to restrict access to campus grounds, academic and administrative buildings, and residence halls, which are open to faculty, staff, students, and invited guests. Campus buildings at WJU are monitored by a card key monitoring system and monitored fire alarms. Building hours are posted, and unauthorized individuals may be asked to leave if warranted. Campus Safety has the authority to issue trespass notices to unauthorized persons, usually done upon receipt of a complaint or security observation. Rocklin PD will be called to address anyone returning to campus after receiving such a notice.

Residence halls are always locked; each student is issued a key to his/her room and access ID card (which is also the student ID) to the outside door. Residence hall student room doors and windows are provided with locking devices. Most academic buildings are secured and closed between 12:00 am and 6:00 am. Campus Safety officers will check that only people with authorization are in buildings after hours. Some academic buildings have non-public hours for members of the community. When a building has non-public hours, the outside doors are secured and members of the community (who have been authorized) can use their access card to enter the building until closing time. Visitors and others may be asked to leave campus buildings during nonpublic hours.

During school recesses (low occupancy periods, holidays, etc.), all building hours are subject to change. Both academic and administrative buildings are generally secured by 6:00 pm on weekdays and closed on weekends and holidays during recesses. The card access privileges are limited in residence halls that are closed during recesses. During these periods, Residential Life distributes to students who remain on campus information about safety protocols and specific emergency procedures.

All card keys are set up to allow permissions for only the buildings and doors that a student, staff, faculty or vendor would need for a specific period of time. There are also multiple surveillance cameras placed in strategic locations for security. The campus is maintained by Facility Services and patrolled by Campus Safety. The officers routinely monitor the lighting of the campus, fire systems, and landscaping. To ensure proper operation of these systems and prevent unsafe conditions on campus, deficiencies are promptly reported for repairs. A map of the campus and Staybridge Suites show the areas that are reportable in compliance with Clery Act geography requirements. (Appendix A & B)

Campus Enforcement Authority

Rocklin Police Department at a Glance

William Jessup University is within the jurisdiction of the Rocklin Police Department, which has the power to arrest under California Penal Code 830.1. Campus Safety personnel will always transfer all criminal activities that occur on campus to the Rocklin Police Department (RPD). RPD officers are certified by the California Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST). WJU maintains a close working relationship with Rocklin Police Department as the campus is home to a police substation. Officers routinely visit the campus
where they can complete reports and other office duties. WJU collects statistics of reportable crimes, as required and defined in the Clery Act from not only the Rocklin Police Department but also the Placer County Sheriff's Department.

**Campus Safety at a Glance**

The Department of Campus Safety is located at 333 Sunset Boulevard in the middle of the campus across from the Womack Student Life building. The staff is comprised of two full-time dedicated safety personnel along with twelve student patrol officers. The Department takes on a team approach to keep accountability high and standards of security and safety at its best. Full-time staff are guard qualified with the Bureau of Security and Investigative Services (BSIS) and provide on duty status to ensure safety and security Monday through Friday during regular business hours. In addition, student officers patrol throughout the evening, night and early morning hours. All officers assist in preserving public peace and order and are the first responders to any emergency on campus.

The arrest authority of the Campus Safety Officer is the same as those of a private citizen to arrest until law enforcement arrives under California State Penal Code 837. Specific services that Campus Safety provide include escort, lock and unlock of buildings and rooms, parking enforcement, dissemination of safety-related information, hazard surveillance checks, and patrol services for the campus. Campus Safety’s main objective is to maintain a high level of presence in our community as to prevent crimes from occurring in the first place, and will be first on scene to observe and report accurate information assisting in initial investigations.

**Campus Security Authority**

The Campus Safety Department is responsible for compiling Clery Act reportable crime statistics for incidents that occur on campus, non-campus facilities that are controlled by the University, and public property adjacent to the school. While the Department encourages victims to report crimes occurring in these locations directly to Campus Safety, we also collect crime data from other employees, administrators and students on campus who are required to report crime statistics to the Safety Department for inclusion in the ASR. Such persons are designated as “Campus Security Authorities” and are defined in the Clery Act as “any individual who has responsibility for campus security but who does not constitute a campus police or security department...or who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities.” This includes the Dean of the College, Dean of Students, Director of Residential Life, Director of Athletics and Director of Student Programs, as well as a number of other program directors. All crimes reported to these Campus Security Authorities are then reported to the Campus Safety Department for inclusion in statistics and reviewed for the need for a timely warning to the campus community if it is determined that there is an ongoing threat. This report can be made as a third party report to the Campus Safety Department regardless of whether the victim chooses to file a report with Campus Safety or local law enforcement or not. This allows for transparency and accuracy in reporting and could also prevent similar crimes from occurring if a timely warning is prudent and warranted.

Professional and pastoral counselors are exempt from the requirement to report crimes to the Campus Safety Department when that information is received by them while they are acting in that pastoral or counseling role. However, they are encouraged, if and when they deem it appropriate, to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion into the annual crime statistics.
Campus Security Authority Policy

In 1986, a 19 year old Lehigh University freshman by the name of Jeanne Clery was assaulted and murdered in her dorm room. Although the door to her dorm had card reader security, it was propped open on that day. No one had ever informed the students that this was not a safe practice. In 1998 the “Student Right-to-Know and Campus Security Act” was renamed in her memory. The Clery Act was enacted and signed into law in the belief that both crime reporting and crime awareness can prevent campus victimization.

The intent of including non-law enforcement personnel in the role of Campus Security Authority (CSA) is to acknowledge that some community members and students in particular may be hesitant about reporting crimes to the police, but may be more inclined to report incidents to other campus-affiliated individuals with whom they have a relationship. These community members are thus called Campus Security Authorities and can be comprised of staff, faculty or students depending on their role within the life of the university. This policy will better prepare those identified as Campus Security Authority (CSA) and give them the tools to handle and report crime in a timely manner as required by this law. The role and responsibility of a CSA is crucial to the safety of our campus community as it provides for more members to take on an active part in crime awareness, prevention and reporting.

The Clery Act law further requires that colleges and universities receiving federal funding prepare, publish, and distribute an Annual Security Report (ASR) each year. The Annual Security Report should include campus security policies, emergency action plans, and crime statistics. The Department of Campus Safety will make the ASR available each year in September and will notify community members on where to access it on line. A hard copy can also be requested and will be made available at the Campus Safety Department which is located across from the Womack Student Life Building.

Who is a Campus Security Authority?
The law defines Campus Security Authority in four categories:

1) University Police (UP) Department sworn personnel and department administrators.

2) Non-police people or offices responsible for campus security - community service officers, campus contract security personnel; parking enforcement staff; personnel providing access control and/or security at campus facilities, athletic events or other special events; safety escort staff; residential community assistants and other similar positions.

3) The Officials with significant responsibility for the student and campus activities category is defined broadly to ensure complete coverage and thorough reporting of crimes. To determine which individuals or organizations are CSA's consider job functions that involve relationships with students. The spirit of the law really looks for officials whose functions involve relationships with students (i.e., not support staff). An Official is defined as any person who has the authority and the duty to take action or respond to particular issues on behalf of the University. If someone has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, s/he is a CSA.

Some examples of CSA's in this category include, but are not limited to: academic deans; student affairs/residential life officials; coordinator of Greek affairs (or related positions); athletic administrators including director, assistant directors and coaches; student activities coordinators and staff; student judicial officials; faculty and staff advisors to student organizations; student center building staff; student peer education advisors; and administrators at branch campuses.

4) Any individual or organization specified in an institution's statement of campus security policy as an individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal offenses - University Police.

According to this definition William Jessup University recognizes the following Positions, Titles and Job Functions with Campus Security Authority.
President, Provost/Chief Academic Office, Associate Provost, Chief of Development, President Emeritus, Director of Church Relations, Chief Information Officer, Director of Safety, Lead Security Officer, Director of Admissions, Associate Director of Admissions, Admissions Counselors, Visit Coordinator, Director Office of Diversity, Equity and Inclusion, Faculty Administrative Coordinator, Director of Athletics and all Athletic Coaches and Trainers, Administrative Assistant to Athletics, Director of Human Resources, Student Accounts Officer, Academic Advisors, Dean of Students, Asst. Director of Campus Ministry, Assistant to Student Life, Director of Campus Ministries, Resident Directors, Resident Assistant(s)

The Role of a CSA
CSAs are encouraged to report all crimes reported to them, on a timely basis, to the Department of Safety in person or using the Reporting Crime (CSA) located at Discovery/jessup.edu. However, under the Clery Act, CSAs are only obligated to report Clery Act qualifying crimes which occurred on campus, in public areas bordering campus and in certain non-campus buildings owned or controlled (leased) by the University. Click here to review a list of Clery Act reportable crimes and their definitions.

CSA Crime Reporting
When a crime is reported to a CSA, first ask the person if they would like to report it to Department of Safety. If so, contact Department of Safety at (916) 521-0776. If the CSA has firsthand knowledge and can confirm that the reporting party filed a crime report with Campus Safety Department, then they are not obligated to complete and submit a Crime Report (CSA). However, if the reporting party says they will file a crime report with the Department of Safety and leaves (no CSA firsthand knowledge or confirmation that a crime report was filed), then the CSA must still complete and submit a Campus Security Authority Crime Report Form.

CSA Crime Report Results
The WJU Department of Safety will review all crime report forms that are submitted and will make a determination if an incident warrants a timely warning or an emergency notification of the University community due to a possible on-going threat. With all personal information withheld, the law requires all colleges and universities to post the type of crime, location and date of occurrence and disposition on a daily crime log. The Campus Safety Department will consolidate crime data from multiple sources including those reported by CSAs and include those as a number count only for Clery Act reportable crimes in the ASR. The William Jessup University Annual Security Report (ASR) will be posted at (actual link) and hard copies are available from the Department of Campus Safety upon request.

Crime / Emergency and Non-Emergency Reporting
Regardless of your status (CSA or non-CSA), all community members are encouraged to promptly report all William Jessup University campus related criminal incidents and other public safety related emergencies to the Department of Campus Safety. Non-emergency incidents can be reported to WJU Department of Safety at (916) 521-0776. Other important phone numbers are listed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rocklin Police</th>
<th>Note: TDD Available on all phone lines</th>
<th>Rocklin Fire Department</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>EMERGENCY</strong></td>
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<td><strong>EMERGENCY</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>9-1-1 OR (916) 632-4093 (use with cell phone)</td>
<td>9-1-1 OR (916) 632-4093 (use with cell)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Non-Emergency (916) 625-5400</td>
<td>Non-Emergency (916) 625-5300</td>
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Reporting Criminal Incidents and Other Emergencies
It is critically important that all crimes and emergencies occurring on campus or on non-campus residence (Stay Bridge Hotel) be immediately reported to the Public Safety Department to ensure that appropriate action is taken and to ensure inclusion in the annual crime statistics. For each incident reported, appropriate resources can be dispatched and an investigation can be conducted and a file is created. Crimes can be reported at any time
of day or night, seven days a week:

- In person, at the Campus Safety Department located across from Womack Student Life Center on campus, OR
- By calling Campus Safety at (916) 521-0776

All students, faculty, staff and guests are encouraged to promptly report criminal incidents, accidents and other emergencies to the Department of Campus Safety. In addition, Resident Assistants play a key role in maintaining a safe and secure environment in the residence halls, apartments and Stay Bridge Suites. Resident Assistants are expected and legally required to report criminal activity including liquor law violations in these locations and request assistance when needed. Resident Assistants are also responsible for responding to any emergencies that may arise in the residence facilities. When appropriate, staff from Residence Life, Student Life, Campus Safety and Rocklin Police Department may be involved in answering a call for assistance or responding to reports of criminal activity.

Although every institution wants its campus community to report criminal incidents to law enforcement, we know that this does not always happen. Even at institutions with a security department on campus, a student who is the victim of a crime may be more inclined to report it to someone other than law enforcement individuals. The Clery Act requires all institutions to collect crime reports from a variety of individuals and organizations that Clery considers “campus security authorities” as covered in the previous section.

**Confidential Reporting Policy**

The University has a policy to accept third-party anonymous reports of crimes including sexual assault on a standard form available on the My.Jessup web page under anonymous crime report. The form is forwarded to Campus Safety for inclusion in the annual security report. Remember that all employees, except where confidentiality is governed by law, should report to Campus Safety any criminal incidents brought to their attention. The victim’s name is not required. This allows Campus Safety to have accurate records of the number of incidents involving members of the community and include those statistics in our annual security report, and to alert the community if a potential danger or threat still exists. More on this in “Timely Warnings”

Although the University recognizes the importance of confidentiality, federal law requires the recording of, and action upon certain information affecting the safety of the entire community. The Department of Campus Safety operates under federal and California’s general laws and has statutory requirements imposed for confidentiality, privacy, and public disclosure of investigatory material. As a general matter of law, the department must acknowledge that an alleged crime has been reported and release basic information about location and time of occurrence. Disclosure of this information is always done so as to protect the victim’s privacy.
Daily Crime Log
The Department submits the Clery Act Crime data it collects to the Department of Education website. Data from our institution and others throughout the U.S. is available online at http://ope.ed.gov/security/index.aspx.

Campus Safety keeps statistics and daily crime logs of all crimes reported to the Campus Safety Department. This log includes the date the crime was reported, the nature of the crime, the date and time the crime occurred, the general location of the crime, and – if known – the current disposition of the complaint. Updates to the log are made within two business days from when a crime is reported or a change is made in the disposition of a complaint except when the disclosure is prohibited by law or would jeopardize the confidentiality of the victim. Information may be temporarily withheld from the log when it would jeopardize an ongoing investigation, jeopardize the safety of an individual, cause a suspect to flee or evade detection, or result in the destruction of evidence. A written log of all crimes reported to Campus Safety as having occurred within the past 60 days on and around University property is available to the public at the Campus Safety office and on the Campus Safety website (www.jessup.edu/campus-safety/daily-crime-log). Crimes reported to Campus Safety prior to the past 60 days will be made available within two business days of the request.

Crime Prevention
While crime prevention is a top priority of the Campus Safety Department, the Department cannot protect everyone at all times. Thus, every member of the community is invited to collaborate with the department in this important effort. Together with other campus offices, the Department provides programs to enhance personal safety, teaches proactive crime reduction strategies and helps community members develop personal safety habits, which contribute to a healthy community. The department’s crime prevention strategy rests on a multi-layered foundation of proactive patrol of the campus, crime prevention education and training, building and area security surveys and vehicle registration. This approach relies on the dual concepts of eliminating or minimizing criminal opportunities, whenever possible, and encouraging community members to take responsibility for their own and others’ safety. Throughout the year, members of the department are available to assist any individual or group in planning, presenting and coordinating programs of interest or concern, or conducting safety and security seminars in residence halls, department offices and any other setting both on and off campus.
Clery Act Crimes 2011 – 2013

The following statistics on annual incidence rates are provided yearly and comply with the federal Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990 and the Higher Education Amendments of 1992. These statistics are compiled from all incidents reported to the Campus Safety Department and any third party reports forwarded by other campus officials, as well as any reported to police departments with concurrent jurisdiction over on campus and non-campus property. They are compiled by the Campus Safety Department. See Appendix C for Clery Act Crime Definitions.

Federal Law Bias Incidents

Beginning in 2000, campus security departments were required to report any crimes in the categories above that included any bias toward the victim's race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity or disability. Note that other bias incidents reported to the Department not in these crime categories will be listed elsewhere in this report. Beginning in 2008, campus security departments must include in hate crime reporting the following additional categories of crimes if they have a bias component: larceny (theft), simple assault, intimidation, vandalism and other crimes involving bodily injury.

2013 Clery-Reportable Bias Incidents:
No incidents meeting the definitions of the Clery-reportable bias incidents.

2012 Clery-Reportable Bias Incidents:
No incidents meeting the definitions of the Clery-reportable bias incidents.

2011 Clery-Reportable Bias Incidents:
No incidents meeting the definitions of the Clery-reportable bias incidents.
Emergency Response

Any emergency should be promptly reported to Department of Campus Safety by calling the Emergency Hotline at 916-521-0776. Alert Campus Safety personnel on the nature and location of the emergency and follow the instructions provided. This may include hanging up and calling 9-1-1 to activate the City of Rocklin Police and Fire as well as the local EMS ALS provider.

Should a campus emergency exist, the Department of Campus Safety will activate the University Incident Command Staff and Emergency Response Team as needed. The University has a comprehensive emergency response plan that is activated any time an emergency occurs that will require the Incident Command Staff oversight to provide guidance for the University’s response.

The Incident Command Staff assures appropriate response to any campus emergency. This team is made up of members of Campus Safety, Executive Management, Facilities Management, Student Services and other vital staff, and meets regularly to plan campus emergency response, conduct table-top and live drills to prepare for a variety of campus emergencies, to assess and evaluate emergency plans and capabilities, and to debrief after any campus emergency. The Incident Command Staff also works with City police, fire and ambulance personnel to coordinate response efforts and to conduct joint drills.

Emergency Notification System

The following policy outlines key features of the University Emergency Operating Procedures (EOP) and Emergency Notification System (ENS). It also details processes and procedures for emergency preparedness drills, testing and evacuation as required by the Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 and the Clery Act.

WJU contracts with Everbridge for emergency notification service. Everbridge enables rapid communication with the entire campus by instantly contacting community members through multiple mediums. Messages can be initiated through internet or phone applications. Emergency notifications are sent to users via SMS text message, voice phone call and email. These notifications may repeat through several cycles until the user confirms receipt of the message. Other methods of emergency notification may include but are not limited to the fire alarm, person-to-person awareness, and Discovery posts.

Upon confirmation of a significant emergency or threat to the campus community, an immediate emergency notification will be broadcast through the Everbridge system and other methods if necessary. The only exceptions to immediate notification will be situations in which a notification may compromise efforts to contain, respond to or mitigate the emergency.

Emergency Notifications will be initiated by specific members of the Administrative Executive Team (ET) or their approved delegates, which consists of University employees in Campus Safety, Human Resources, IT, Executive Leadership, Facilities, and Student Life. These ET members and their delegates have the ability to confirm significant emergencies and collaborate with each other for the most appropriate response. Content of an emergency notification will depend upon the situation and amount of information available. However, most notifications will be crafted to include the location of the incident, nature of the incident and instructions on recommended actions. The Campus Safety Department has also developed a number of “pre-scripted notifications” to be sent out rapidly in response to various emergency situations.

Except in cases where doing so may jeopardize emergency response, the entire campus community will receive immediate notification of campus emergencies. This includes staff, resident students, commuter students, faculty and the San Jose campus. WJU has chosen not to limit the segments of the campus community which receive emergency notifications. However, the content of an emergency message may change depending on one’s role in the community.

Submitting/Updating Contact Information
Students are prompted twice a year (once during the fall semester and once in the spring) to submit their emergency notification contact information through their student portal. These prompts are posted on the My.Jessup Intranet Webpage and sent out via email. Other prompts and explanations occur in Campus Safety Newsletters, articles, social media posts, forums and workshops.

Student instructions for submitting or updating ENS contact information are listed below.

1. Login to your student portal.
2. Once logged in, select “Edit Profile” in the top right hand corner of your browser.
3. Add your personal cellphone number into the “Mobile Phone” field under “Local Address Information”.
4. Select the “Update” button at the bottom of the page.

Faculty and staff are also prompted twice a year to submit their ENS contact information, and may do so through their Paycom employee portal. Faculty and staff instructions for submitting or updating this information are listed below.

1. Login to your Paycom employee portal.
2. Select “My Address & Contact Info”
3. Enter your personal cellphone number into the “Emergency Contact 3”, “Emergency Phone” field.
4. Select “Update” at the bottom of the page.

If you experience any issues submitting your information or find that you are not receiving all three notifications during a test of the system (text message, voice phone call, and email) please email security@jessup.edu or call 916.577.7070.

Timely Warnings

William Jessup University is responsible for issuing timely warnings in compliance with the Clery Act reportable crimes. The Department of Campus Safety will issue timely warnings to the campus community in response to reported crimes that meet Clery Act classifications that were committed or actively occurring on campus property or surrounding public property that, in the judgment of the Department of Campus Safety and/or the Executive Team, constitutes a direct or ongoing threat to students, staff or faculty. There may be other crimes or threats that may constitute warnings if deemed appropriate to alert the campus community.

Individuals on campus should notify the Department of Campus Safety of an emergency or crime as soon as possible by calling the Emergency Hotline (916) 521-0776. Contacting Campus Safety should not take priority over calling 9-1-1 if emergency resources are needed from Rocklin Police or Fire or EMS providers.

Emergency Notification and Timely Warnings Procedure

- The Department of Campus Safety will gather all essential information about the nature of the emergency or crime from the reporting person and other available sources (these may include, but are not limited to: other witnesses, the University’s surveillance camera system, the University’s access control system, and the Rocklin Police Department).

- Based on the information available, the Director of Campus Safety or his designee shall determine whether the crime presents an ongoing threat to students, employees, guests and/or property.

- Based on the information available, the Director of Campus Safety or his designee shall determine the content of the timely warning and the method by which it shall be disseminated to the campus community. Timely warnings may be issued with titles such as Crime Alerts, Safety Alerts, or any other title as deemed appropriate by the Director of Campus Safety or his designee based on the information available.
The Department of Campus Safety or his designee shall determine the means by which the timely warning will be distributed. Means of distribution may include but are not limited to emails, text messages, Everbridge Mass Notification (emergency notification system), My.Jessup Web page, the William Jessup University website, and announcements via posters and bulletin boards.

The content of the timely warning may include but is not limited to a summary of the incident, the nature of the crime, the area where the crime occurred, a description of the suspect(s) and/or vehicle, and the date and time. A summary of the incident, other special instructions and incident specific safety tips and announcements should also be included that would assist in preventing further crimes.

The Director of Campus Safety’s designee may include, but is not limited to the following personnel: Chief Information Office, Chief Operations Officer, and Security Lead Officer. The Department of Campus Safety will consult, as appropriate and necessary, with the Executive Team regarding whether a timely warning should be issued. The decision to issue a timely warning shall be made on a case-by-case basis after consideration of the available facts, including factors such as the nature of the crime, the continuing danger or risk to the campus community, and the possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts. Timely warnings are considered for the following classifications of reported crimes: criminal homicide, sex offenses, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft and arson. Also added to the Clery Act list of reportable crimes is any hate crime that involves larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation and destruction, damage, or vandalism of property. Timely warnings may also be issued for other reported crimes as deemed appropriate under the circumstances. The decision will be made in compliance with the Clery Act and in an effort to prevent similar crimes from occurring.

Alert Level

The appropriate alert level would be activated upon confirmation of an emergency or crime occurring on campus.

- **Level 3 Notification** – using the mass emergency notification system (ENS). Emergencies in this level include credible, immediate threats to the community where there is a need to affect community behavior.
  - Activated immediately, upon confirmation of an emergency posing an immediate danger to the community.
  - Notification may only be delayed if such notification will compromise efforts to contain the emergency. In such cases, notification would be made as soon as the emergency can be contained.

- **Level 2 Notification** – using ENS or campus-wide email. Emergencies in this level include situations that require community notification but no immediate threat exists.
  - Activated within two business days of confirmation of an occurrence, or series of occurrences, that require community notification to change behaviors or allow community members to protect themselves from similar occurrences.
  - May be issued not only for single incidents in which community notification is required, but also for lesser incidents whose frequency causes the need for a notification. Examples could include a series of bicycle thefts or car breaks-ins.
  - Notice is given to the campus community using the emergency notification system or e-mail. Typically, alerts include the date, time, general location, and nature of the incident, as well as recommended precautionary measures that should be observed or action to be taken by members of the University community. Alerts may also be posted online or in other
locations depending on the circumstances of the alert and availability of other methods to share information with the community.

- **Level 1 Notification** – An incident at this level will be posted using the Daily Crime log or Daily Fire log, which is available on the WJU My.Jessup website. Incidents at this level include more routine incidents.
  - Updated daily, within 2 business days of an incident occurring (and within 2 business days of the change in an incident's status).
  - These logs include all incidents and fires reported to the Campus Safety Department.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the Department of Campus Safety by phone (7070) from on campus; (916) 521-0776 from off-campus or a cell phone) or in person at the Campus Safety office across from the Womack Student Life Building.

**Missing Student Policy and Procedure**

The following policies/procedures regarding Missing Person/Missing Students are being provided according to requirements of the 2008 Amendments to the Higher Education Opportunity Act. HEOA missing student regulations apply specifically to students who reside in on-campus student housing, but it is the policy of WJU to respond similarly to any reported missing student, staff or faculty regardless of their on or off-campus residential status.

If a member of the University community has reason to believe that a student who resides in on-campus housing or who resides at Staybridge Suites is missing, he or she should immediately notify Campus Safety in person or call the Emergency Hot line at (916) 521-0776. The Campus Safety officer will generate a Missing Persons Report and initiate an investigation. Rocklin Police Department will also be notified as the lead agency for missing persons.

In addition to registering a general emergency contact, students residing in on-campus housing and Staybridge Suites have the option to identify confidentially an individual to be contacted by WJU in the event the student is determined to be missing for more than 24 hours. If a student has identified such an individual, WJU will notify that individual no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. A student who wishes to identify a confidential contact can do so by filling out and returning the “Missing Person Contact Information” form that is sent to them via their WJU e-mail.

Missing student reports may also be filed with Resident Directors, Resident Assistants, Student Life personnel or Dean of Students who will immediately notify Campus Safety. A missing student or persons report may be filed by a parent/guardian, other family member, roommate, Student Life or Residence Life staff member, WJU faculty member or employee, or anyone else with information that the person may be or is missing. The WJU Department of Campus Safety will investigate any report of a missing person, provided that the report is filed by someone with reasonable knowledge of that person being missing or otherwise not where he/she should be.

After an initial investigation, WJU Department of Campus Safety will widen the scope of the investigation to include Rocklin Police Department which both has legal jurisdiction for missing persons and has a much more extensive resource base for locating people.

In the event that a student chooses to not specifically identify a separate missing person contact, a parent or guardian as listed in university emergency contact information will be contacted. Students should be sure that the person they list as their missing person contact is someone who would have a general idea of the student’s daily routines including daily habits, class schedule, job commitments, and travel plans. This missing person
contact should be someone trusted in determining whereabouts or in verifying that further investigation and/or entry into national missing persons databases is warranted.

Students are encouraged to include the following information: the person’s name as well as any contact methods (cell phone, home phone, email, address, relationship, etc.). This listed contact person's name and contact information will be considered confidential and will be used/shared by only those WJU administrators and Rocklin Police Department personnel responsible for investigating and following up on reports of missing persons.

For any WJU student under the age of 18 who is not emancipated: WJU is required by law to notify both a custodial parent/guardian and the confidential contact person no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. For any situation where the missing person is believed to be endangered, this parental and contact person notification will be made as early as possible, even while officers are continuing to investigate and determine the missing/non-missing status of the student.

Campus Safety Officers will check student’s login records, class schedule, card key access history, interview fellow students and faculty, and use other methods to determine the status of a missing person. From this initial investigation, the scope will continue to expand to make attempts to determine the location of the person reported missing to assure she/he is safe.

**Alcohol and Drug Policy and Procedures**

**Philosophy**

William Jessup University is committed to maintaining an alcohol-and-drug-free environment in which to work, live, learn and grow. The WJU community cares deeply about the health and safety of its students, and is committed to educating students about the physical and spiritual dangers of alcohol and drug abuse. An aspect of this caring approach is the consistent enforcement of the regulations on alcohol and other drugs and substances contained within this policy. WJU recognizes the heightened dangers in some social settings off campus and thus discourages students from attending establishments and private parties where the principal purpose is known to be the sale and/or consumption of alcoholic beverages and/or drugs. WJU understands that the life choices and decisions students make extend far beyond the college experience, and WJU is committed to challenge their students to make decisions that ultimately will glorify God.

**Health and Lifestyle Risks**

The use or abuse of alcohol and other drugs/substances could increase the risk for a number of health related and other medical, behavioral, and social problems. These include the acute health problems related to intoxication or overdose (blackouts, convulsions, coma, death); physical and psychological dependence; malnutrition; long-term health problems, including cirrhosis of the liver, organic brain damage, high blood pressure, heart disease, ulcers, and cancer of the liver, mouth, throat, and stomach; contracting diseases such as AIDS through the sharing of hypodermic needles; pregnancy problems including miscarriages, still birth and fetal alcohol syndrome; psychological or psychiatric problems; diminished behaviors (hangovers, hallucinations, disorientation, slurred speech); unusual or inappropriate risk-taking, which may result in physical injury or death; violent behavior towards others, such as assault or rape; accidents caused by operating machinery while impaired; impaired driving resulting in alcohol and drug-related arrest, traffic accidents, injuries, and fatalities; negative effects on academic and work performance; conflicts with coworkers, classmates, family, friends, and others; conduct problems resulting in disciplinary actions, including loss of employment; and legal problems including imprisonment.

**Policies**
In accordance with our educational mission, and for the well-being of our students and the WJU community, the University has established the following policies related to alcohol and drugs:

1. **The possession, consumption, or distribution of alcoholic beverages and/or controlled substances on campus (including all WJU dorms, apartments and Staybridge) is strictly prohibited.** – Moreover, any student present where alcohol/controlled substances are found on campus (including but not limited to areas such as the dorms, apartments, Staybridge Suites, parking lots, fields, vehicles, or in personal belongings) may be subject to sanctions.

2. **Alcohol and Drugs are prohibited at all University-sponsored events** – including off-campus events.

3. **Any officially recognized student club or organization** – (regardless of legal drinking age of its members) is prohibited from hosting or participating in any formal group event (on or off-campus) that involves alcohol. Such groups include, but are not limited to: special interest groups, social clubs, athletic and intramural teams, etc...

4. **Intoxicated students or students under the influence of a controlled substance, coming onto campus or attending a University-sponsored event will be sanctioned.** – For the purposes of WJU’s student conduct policy and process, students who enter campus showing signs of intoxication and/or recent use of these products will be dealt with as if they had consumed them on campus.

5. **Alcohol/Drug related disturbances caused by WJU students** who reside in local off campus housing and/or Staybridge may result in disciplinary action.

6. **Alcohol and Drug paraphernalia** (such as but not limited to, glassware commonly used to serve alcoholic beverages; empty beer bottles or cans; miniature spoons; bongs; cigarette papers; pipes made of glass, metal, ceramic, etc...) are not permitted on campus.

7. **California Health and Safety Code:**
   - The California Health & Safety Code states that “Every person who possesses any controlled substance shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum of one year” (H & S 11350), and, "Every person who possesses for sale, or purchases for sale, any controlled substance shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for two to four years" (H & S 11351).
   - Purchase or possession of marijuana for the purpose of sale, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state penitentiary for a minimum of one year (H&S 11359). In addition, possession of any drug paraphernalia for the purpose of unlawfully smoking or injecting a controlled substance is punishable with up to 6 months in county jail (H & S 11364).
   - The California Business and Professions Code states that the purchase, possession, distribution, or use of alcoholic beverages is illegal for those under the age of 21 in the State of California and constitutes a misdemeanor under B & P Code 25658 (sections a & b), 25658.5 and 25662.
   - In addition, the unlawful distribution or possession of a prescribed medication is also prohibited and punishable by imprisonment in the state penitentiary (B & P 4059 & 4060).

*In addition to the University process, the University will involve local law enforcement officials when appropriate.*

**Sanctions Regarding Alcohol and Drugs**

Students who are found guilty of violating the University policy concerning the possession, consumption, or distribution of alcohol, controlled substances, or related disturbances will be subject to a range and/or combination of the following sanctions:

1. Fines ranging from $100 to $250
2. Completion of an alcohol/drug education program, which involves a $75 fee for students
3. Counseling
4. Disciplinary probation
5. Indefinite suspension
Dismissal from the University.

Violations of under-age drinking, and serving or making alcohol available to those who are under the legal drinking age will result in strict sanctions (up to and including dismissal), and will be reported to the WJU Department of Campus Safety and/or the Rocklin Police Department.

Violations involving the possession, consumption, and distribution of any controlled substance will result in strict sanctions (up to and including dismissal), and will be reported to the WJU Department of Campus Safety and/or the Rocklin Police Department.

This information is intended to give students a range of expected outcomes or consequences regarding violations of the University’s alcohol/drug policy. Depending on the level of severity involved per violation, and at the discretion of the Dean of Students for Student Life or his/her designee, sanctions may vary from what is outlined above. Subject to privacy laws, parents or legal guardians may be contacted where deemed appropriate.

- It is a violation to misrepresent one’s age for the purposes of purchasing or consuming alcohol. This includes possessing a fraudulent ID. Possessing a fake ID may result in University sanctions.
- Operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance is a serious threat to oneself and the community and may result in immediate suspension, expulsion, or dismissal. Anyone who injures another person as a result of driving under the influence should expect to be permanently dismissed.

Based on the university alcohol/drug policy, students found in violation of this policy or of applicable alcoholic beverage and/or drug laws will be subject to university disciplinary action in addition to citations or arrest as allowed by applicable State law.

Assistance in overcoming Alcohol and Other Drugs Abuse

Alcoholics Anonymous
Locations: 4865 Pacific St. and E. Midas Ave.
Times: Meetings run daily, every hour and a half beginning at 6.30am.
Website: [http://www.simeetings.com/LA/SAC/RocklinMtgs.html](http://www.simeetings.com/LA/SAC/RocklinMtgs.html)

Narcotics Anonymous
Locations: Various Sacramento County/Placer county local to our William Jessup University campus
Times: Running every hour or less because of location
Website: [http://www.sfana.org/p1.htm](http://www.sfana.org/p1.htm)
Website: [http://www.sacramentona.org/schedule.html](http://www.sacramentona.org/schedule.html)

Al-Anon Family Groups
Location: St. Matthew’s Lutheran Church, 5901 Lonetree Blvd. Rocklin, CA 95765
Time: 7 pm, Thursdays
Website: [http://www.ncwsa.org/meeting-map-list/](http://www.ncwsa.org/meeting-map-list/)

A more detailed list of counselors/specialist/treatment centers are available through the Student Life Office.
Sexual Offense Policy

Violent behavior and/or threats toward another person are unacceptable ways to deal with conflict. The University does not tolerate fighting, violence, or threats of violent behavior. This includes any conduct that threatens or endangers the physical or emotional well-being of a community member, including domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and bullying.

Sexual assault is a criminal act and a heinous violation of another individual’s God-given rights. Victims of sexual assault may be men or women from any type of background. The University is dedicated to seeking justice in all cases of sexual assault. Some victims may be reluctant to report instances of sexual assault for a variety of reasons. Feelings of guilt, fear, betrayal, shame, anger, confusion and depression are not uncommon for victims of sexual assault. Particularly in instances such as date rape, the victim may neglect to report for fear of being blamed. If alcohol or drug use is involved, the victim may even be more reluctant to report.

However, the circumstances in which a sex offense occurs should never prevent the reporting of the incident. As a victim, you can expect sensitivity, support and understanding from University staff. Perpetrators will be held accountable for sexual assault or misconduct. The victim’s safety will be the University’s highest priority. If you have been a recent or past victim of sexual assault, we encourage you to report the incident to the proper authorities listed in the policy below.

The following policy addresses sex offenses which occur on the WJU property and/or pertain to incidents of sexual assault between students as well as against students by non-student perpetrators. The policy specifically addresses sex offenses as defined by the Clery Act. However, the following definitions should not limit the reporting of other sexually based incidents which may include sexual harassment or threats of sexual assault. For incidents such as these, students should refer to the Student Handbook Standards of Conduct. Employees should refer to the WJU Employee Manual and Sexual Harassment Policy. WJU receives all reports of sexual misconduct with the utmost gravity, and encourages victims of such incidents to report occurrences to the proper authorities immediately.

DEFINITIONS

The FBI’s National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) edition of the Uniform Crime Report defines a sex offense as the following:

1. Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will.
   Or...
2. Any sexual act directed against another person, not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Consent

Consent is defined as an act of reason and deliberation. A person giving consent must possess and have sufficient mental capacity to make an intelligent decision regarding a sex act proposed or recommended by another. Consent assumes a physical power to act and a reflective, determined, unencumbered exertion of these powers. An individual giving consent must be old enough to consent, mentally capable to consent, and free from coercion or the threat of physical harm. In cases of reported sex offenses, the ability of the victim to give consent must be a professional determination by a law enforcement agency.

Consent will not apply if the individual is:

a. Under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.
b. Unconscious, asleep, or suffering from shock.
c. Under the age of consent according to California Law.
d. Legally unable to give consent due to a mental, physical or developmental disability.

The Clery Act recognizes six categories of sex offenses under the forcible and non-forcible definitions. These categories are used to classify crimes and report statistics to the FBI. See Appendix C: Clery Act Crime Definitions.

Title IX

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities operated by recipients of Federal financial assistance. Programs and activities that may be included are admissions, recruitment, financial aid, academic programs, athletics, housing, and employment. Under Title IX, students, faculty and staff are protected against discrimination on the basis of sex which includes sexual harassment, unwelcomed sexual advances, or sexual violence.

Sexual harassment of students, which includes acts of sexual violence, is a form of sex discrimination. A number of different acts fall into the category of sexual violence including rape, sexual assault, sexual battery, and sexual coercion. All such acts of sexual violence are forms of sexual harassment covered under Title IX.

The Campus Sexual Violence Act amends the Cleary Act and adds protection for domestic violence, dating violence, sexual violence and stalking.

If you have a complaint against a Jessup student for sexual harassment, sex discrimination, or sexual assault, you should contact the Dean of Students, who is responsible for Title IX compliance for matters involving students, including training, education, communication, and administration of the grievance/judicial procedure for all complaints against Jessup students. For further information, please refer to the harassment policy (for students) and the student judicial procedures found in the Student Handbook or in the Reporting Harassment section of this document.

Harassment Policy

William Jessup University prohibits discrimination and harassment based on race, color, gender, national origin or ancestry, age, disability/medical condition, pregnancy, familial status, or veteran status. WJU is committed to providing a work and learning environment where all persons who participate in university programs and activities can work and learn together in an atmosphere free of harassment, disrespectful, or other unprofessional conduct. To this end, the University’s Human Resource Office will provide and manage a clear definition of harassment and procedures for receiving and responsibly processing all complaints and concerns, including possible subsequent appeals and consequences in accordance with expectations and regulations set forth in the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing, the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, and the U.S. Department of Education (Office for Civil Rights).

Harassment occurs when unwelcome conduct is engaged in because of a protected status of an individual. Sexual harassment can vary with particular circumstances, but, generally, it is defined as unwelcome or offensive sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, unwanted or uninvited verbal suggestions or comments of a sexual nature, or objectionable physical contact when submission to or rejection of this conduct explicitly or implicitly affects a person’s employment or education, unreasonably interferes with a person’s work or educational performance, or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working or learning environment. Sexual harassment does not need to be motivated by sexual desire to be unlawful or to violate this policy. For example, hostile acts toward an employee because of his/her gender can amount to sexual harassment, regardless of whether the treatment is motivated by any sexual desire. Prohibited harassment, disrespectful or unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following behavior:
Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments, slurs or unwanted sexual advances, invitations or comments;
Visual displays such as derogatory and/or sexually-oriented posters, photography, cartoons, drawings or gestures;
Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentional blocking of normal movement or work interference because of sex, race or any other protected basis;
Threats and demands to submit to sexual requests as a condition of continued employment, or to avoid some other loss; offers of employment benefits in return for sexual favors;
Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment; and
Communication via electronic media of any type that includes any conduct prohibited by state and/or federal law, or by University policy.

Sexual harassment may involve incidents between any members of the University community, including faculty and other academic appointees, staff, coaches, students, and non-student or non-employee participants in University programs, such as vendors, contractors, visitors, and parents. Sexual harassment may occur in hierarchical relationships or between peers, or between persons of the same sex or opposite sex.

In the interest of preventing sexual harassment, the University will respond to reports of any such conduct and will take reasonable steps to prevent discrimination and harassment from occurring. In determining whether the reported conduct constitutes sexual harassment, consideration shall be given to the record of the conduct as a whole and to the totality of the circumstances, including the context in which the conduct occurred.

Harassment that is not sexual in nature, but is based on an individual's race, color, gender, national origin or ancestry, age, disability/medical condition, pregnancy, familial status, or veteran status is also prohibited by the University's non-discrimination policies, if it is sufficiently severe to deny or limit a person's ability to participate in or benefit from University educational programs, employment, or services. While discrimination based on these factors may be distinguished from sexual harassment, these types of discrimination may contribute to the creation of a hostile work or academic environment.

Reporting Harassment

Any student or staff/faculty who believes that he or she has been subjected to harassment may complete an online incident report or speak directly to the coordinator or deputy coordinators listed in this report.

Title IX Coordinator

Duties and responsibilities include monitoring and oversight of overall implementation of Title IX compliance at William Jessup University, such as coordination of training, education, communications, and administration of grievance procedures for students, faculty, and staff. Title IX regulations require Deputy Coordinators to report incidents whether resolved informally or formally to the Title IX Coordinator. These reposts allow the Title IX Coordinator to identify patterns of frequency in a particular area within the University and to coordinate compliance with federal regulations.

In compliance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Dr. Kay Llovio, Associate Provost: Student Development, has been appointed as Jessup's Title IX Coordinator. If you have any concerns or questions regarding unlawful sexual harassment and discrimination, you may contact her or one of the Title IX Deputy Coordinators listed below.

Title IX Coordinator
Kay Llovio, Ed.D.
kllvio@jessup.edu
916-577-2212
Student Life Building
Duties and responsibilities include monitoring and oversight of overall implementation of Title IX compliance at William Jessup University such as coordination of training, education, communications, and administration of grievance procedures for students, faculty and staff. Title IX regulations require Deputy Coordinators to report incidents whether resolved informally or formally to the Title IX Coordinator. These reports allow the Title IX Coordinator to identify patterns of frequency in a particular area within the University and to coordinate compliance with federal regulations.

**Title IX Deputy Coordinator (Students)**
Jon Sampson, M.Div.
j sampson@jessup.edu
916-577-2325
Student Life Building

If you have a complaint against a WJU student for sexual harassment, sex discrimination, or sexual assault, you should contact the Deputy Coordinator for students. The Deputy Coordinator for students is responsible for Title IX compliance for matters involving students, including training, education, communication, and administration of the grievance/judicial procedure for all complaints against WJU students. For further information, please refer to the harassment policy (for students) and the student judicial procedures found in the Student Handbook.

**Title IX Deputy Coordinator (Athletics)**
James Davies, Ed.D.
j davies@jessup.edu
916-577-2243
Administration Offices

If you have a complaint about Title IX application to athletics programs, you should contact the Deputy Coordinator for Athletics.

**Title IX Deputy Coordinator (Faculty)**
Dennis Jameson, Ph.D.
d jameson@jessup.edu
916-577-2218
Executive Offices

If you have a complaint against a WJU faculty member for sexual harassment, sex discrimination, or sexual assault, you should contact the Provost. The Provost is responsible for the administration of the grievance procedure for all complaints against faculty members, including those filed by students and staff. Please refer to the harassment policy found in the Faculty Handbook for further information.

**Title IX Deputy Coordinator (Staff)**
Kay Llovio, Ed.D.
k llovio@jessup.edu
916-577-2212
Student Life Building

If you have a complaint against a WJU staff member for sexual harassment, sex discrimination, or sexual assault, you should contact the Associate Provost. The Associate Provost is responsible for Title IX compliance for matters involving staff members including the administration of the grievance procedure for all complaints against staff members, including those filed by students and faculty as well as training, education and communication for staff and faculty members. Please refer to the harassment policy found on the policy and procedures link on my.jessup.edu://my.jessup.edu/policies-procedures/policy/policy-against-discrimination-and-harassment/
REPORTING PROCEDURE

The University strongly encourages victims of sexual assault to report all incidents of sexual assault without delay. A medical evaluation is also strongly advised, even if the victim does not wish to pursue charges or file a formal complaint. Victims of sexual assault may incur injuries or contract sexually transmitted infections (STIs) without their knowledge. A medical evaluation and potential treatment should occur as quickly as possible.

In the case of a sexual assault, the following may be contacted for victim assistance:

- **WJU Campus Safety Hotline**: 916.521.0776
- **WJU RD Hotline**: 916.577.8020
- **Stand Up Placer**, 24 Hour Crisis Hotline: 800.575.5352

Preserving Evidence

Immediately following a sexual assault, the victim’s primary concern should be moving to a safe place. Once the victim has moved to a safe location, it is imperative that they receive medical attention and a forensic examination for the preservation of evidence. It is the victim’s choice to accept or decline any examination results. However, even if the victim has not yet decided to report the crime, it is strongly advised that they undergo the examination to improve the chances of building a case against the perpetrator at a later date if they so choose.

A victim should do their best to preserve any DNA evidence that will link an assault to their perpetrator. In order to do this a victim should receive a forensic examination from a hospital or medical professional within 72 hours. Following the assault and prior to this exam, the victim should not:

- Bathe or shower
- Use the restroom
- Change clothes (if the victim does change clothes, it is recommended they be placed in a sealed plastic bag for law enforcement)
- Comb hair
- Clean up the crime scene
- Move anything the offender may have touched.

Complainant’s Rights

The Complainant has...

- The right to submit a formal criminal complaint.
- The right to submit a university complaint.
- The right to a timely hearing.
- The right to an advisor (further defined below).
- The right to confront opposing evidence.
- The right to provide witnesses and evidence pertaining to the case.
- The right to be informed as soon as possible of the outcome of the hearing.
- The right to confidentiality of the hearing process to the extent possible.
- The right to request changes to academic or housing situations.
- The right to seek on campus counseling services.
- The right to off-campus medical and counseling services.

Rights of the Accused

The Respondent has...
• The right to receive written notice of the charges.
• The right to a timely hearing after being notified of the complaint.
• The right to an advisor (further defined below).
• The right to confront opposing evidence.
• The right to provide witnesses and evidence pertaining to the case.
• The right to confidentiality of the hearing process to the extent possible.
• The right to be informed as soon as possible of the outcome of the hearing.
• The right to seek on-campus counseling services.
• The right to seek outside counseling support.

Formal Criminal Complaint

All victims of sexual assault have the option to notify law enforcement of the incident. Notification of local police is the beginning of the criminal justice process. Follow the steps below to initiate the process.

1. Contact Rocklin Police Department at 916.625.5400 to file a police report.
2. A local law enforcement officer will meet with you to take your report.
3. You may choose whether or not you want to press charges.
4. You may also contact the Campus Safety Hotline at 916.521.0776 and request a neutral meeting place for the police officer to take your report. If requested, Campus Safety personnel will also escort you to meet with the police.

Formal University Complaint

Notification of University personnel is strongly recommended, but it is not the beginning of the criminal justice process. You have the option to also contact law enforcement and University personnel will help you with this process if requested. Especially in cases where the perpetrator is a member of the campus community, the University strongly encourages victims to launch a formal complaint with the institution. Follow the steps below to initiate the process.

1. Contact the Campus Safety Hotline at 916.521.0776 to file a formal university complaint.
2. The responding Campus Safety personnel will assist you in directing your complaint through local law enforcement, WJU Student Life, or Human Resources as appropriate.
3. An investigation will be conducted by the appropriate Title IX Deputy Coordinator.

Processes

1. Victims of sexual assault should use the information above to submit a formal university complaint.
2. If necessary, the responding personnel (Resident Directors and/or Campus Safety Officers) will help facilitate the victim’s transportation to the hospital.
3. Responding personnel will also take down a preliminary report, to be forwarded to the Dean of Students, Title IX Coordinator and Campus Safety Director who will be referred to as the university representatives.
4. With consent of the victim, a university representative will assist in filing a formal criminal complaint.
5. The university representatives will work to support the victim during the course of the investigation and subsequent legal and/or campus disciplinary action.
6. A preliminary investigation of the offense will be conducted by the university representatives.
7. If the university representatives determine that the accused may pose an imminent threat to the campus community or the complainant, the University reserves the right to invoke interim sanctions. This may include removal of the accused from campus property or any other temporary actions as deemed necessary. These sanctions will remain until a hearing is scheduled and/or a final determination is made.
8. Following the preliminary investigation, the university representatives will determine if there is sufficient evidence to move forward with a sexual assault hearing in the case of students, in which case, a hearing will be scheduled with the Sexual Assault Hearing Committee (SAHC). This committee consists of the appropriate Title IX Coordinator or Deputy, individuals from the executive leadership of the University and HR Department as applicable. In the case of employee or faculty involvement, the
University representatives will decide whether or not to move forward with the appropriate faculty or employee disciplinary action process as referenced in the disciplinary process section below.

9. Both the accuser and the accused will be entitled to bringing one advisor who has had no formal legal training with them to the hearing.

10. Notification of the final results of a hearing, including determinations and sanctions, will be issued to both the accuser and the accused in the same manner and time frame as deemed appropriate for the incident.

Additional Procedural Standards in Cases of Sexual Assault, Stalking, Domestic Violence, and Dating Violence

In cases of alleged domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, the following procedures will be followed (in addition to the procedures outlined in this report). If the procedures conflict, these will supersede previously outlined expectations.

- The procedures will provide prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution.
- The procedures will be conducted by officials who receive annual training on issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, as well as how to conduct a hearing process that protects victim safety and promotes accountability.
- Both the complainant and the respondent have the opportunity to have others present during a disciplinary or information-gathering hearing and may have an advisor of their choice in such hearings. (That advisor may be present, but may not speak on behalf of the student).
- Both the complainant and respondent will receive simultaneous written notice of the outcome of the hearing, the appeal process, any changes to the results before the results are final, and when the results become final.
- Information about how WJU protects victim confidentiality to the extent permissible by law may be found in the Confidential Reporting Policy section of this document.
- Counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, and other services available on and off campus may be found on my.jessup.edu and in the resources sections below.
- Victims will receive written notification about options for, and available assistance in, changing academic, living, transportation, and working situations if these changes are requested by the victim and are reasonably available, regardless of whether the victim reports the offence to campus safety or local police.

For definitions see Appendix D: Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking Definitions

APPEALS

- Students wishing to appeal a disciplinary decision may submit a written request within 24 hours of the time he or she was notified of the decision. The process associated with this policy may be found in the Student Handbook, Appeals Process section or in Appendix E of this document.
- The process for appeal by university employees may be found in the Policy Against Discrimination and Harassment.

For more information, see APPENDIX E: SANCTIONS, PROCESS AND APPEALS.

ON-CAMPUS RESOURCES

On-campus services can be requested through the Womack Student Life Center or through the University representatives defined above. These services include:
• **Housing Relocation Services**
  - In the case of sexual assault, students have the right to request changes to their on-campus living situation. These requests will be accommodated if such changes are reasonably available and may include extending a temporary exemption of a housing contract so the victim may seek an off-campus housing alternative.

• **Change of Academic Situation**
  - In the case of sexual assault, students have the right to request changes to their class schedule. These requests will be accommodated if such changes are reasonably available. Furthermore, students who have been victimized in this fashion will, upon their request to the Chief Academic Officer, receive extra supportive measures in terms of their studies, including but not limited to extra time to complete assignments.

• **On-Site Counseling Services**
  - On-site counseling may be available through the Womack Student Life Center. Please call 916.577.8098 or see the front desk of the Student Life Center to make an appointment. If no counselors are available, please request help in locating an off-campus counseling resource. You may also use the list below as an aid in this process.

**Programs to Prevent Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking**

In addition to the University’s continuing sexual harassment and Title IX trainings, the University conducts:

• Primary prevention and awareness programs for incoming students and new employees concerning:
  - Domestic violence, dating violence
  - Sexual Assault
  - Stalking
  - Safe options for bystander intervention
  - Information on risk reduction to recognize warning signs of abusive behavior
  - Ongoing prevention and awareness described in said programs

• Procedures for support for victims of sexual violence including domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking. WJU has in place a Title IX policy which includes procedures governing the reporting of complaints, complaint resolution, confidentiality and prohibition upon retaliation of complainants. The standard of evidence for any institutional conduct proceeding arising from such a report is preponderance of the evidence.

**OFF-CAMPUS RESOURCES**

In searching for counseling services, it is recommended that the victim first consult their insurance provider to determine what the insurance may cover. The victim may want to seek a provider authorized by the insurance company. The following resources are listed to help any victims of sexual assault:

**Crisis Help:**

• **Placer County SART (Sexual Assault Response Team)**
  - SART Coordinator – 916.543.2533
  - [http://www.placer.ca.gov/departments/DA/DAUnits/SART.aspx](http://www.placer.ca.gov/departments/DA/DAUnits/SART.aspx)

• **Stand Up Placer (Victim Advocacy, Safehouse, Crisis Center)**
  - 24 Hour Crisis Hotline – 800.575.5352
  - Roseville Service Office – 916.773.7273
• [http://www.standupplacer.org/](http://www.standupplacer.org/)

**Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Coalition, DVSAC (Victim Advocacy, Crisis Center)**
- 24 Hour Crisis Hotline – 530.272.3467
- Service Office – 530.272.2046

**Women Escaping A Violent Environment, WEAVE (Victim Advocacy, Safehouse, Crisis Center)**
- 24 Hour Crisis Hotline – 916.920.2952
- Toll Free 24 Hour Crisis Hotline – 866.920.2952
- Service Office – 916.920.2952

**Placer County Victim Assistance/Witness Assistance (Financial assistance for victims of sexual assault)**
- 916.543.2505

**Counseling:**

**Valley Psychological Center (Counseling)**
- 916.789.7082
- 1891 East Roseville Parkway #100
  Roseville, CA 95661
- [www.valleypsych.com](http://www.valleypsych.com)

**Cornerstone Psychological Center (Counseling)**
- 916.787.0555
- 3300 Douglas Blvd #190
  Roseville, CA 95661

**Bridgeway Soul Care Ministries**
- 916.626.3017
- 3735 Placer Corporate Drive
- Rocklin, CA 95765
- [www.bridgewaychristian.org](http://www.bridgewaychristian.org)
REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS

The law requires that institutions of higher education provide their campus communities with instruction on where information pertaining to registered sex offenders may be accessed. Furthermore, The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act (CSCPA) of 2000 requires the tracking of convicted sex offenders enrolled at, or employed at, institutions of higher education. In the state of California, this information is distributed through a website offered by the California Office of the Attorney General. This website can be viewed at www.meganslaw.ca.gov.

The law further requires law enforcement agencies to notify the University of any sex offenders who enroll or are employed by the University. The CSCPA amends the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA), allowing the educational institution to disclose information provided by law enforcement agencies. This information may be requested through the WJU Department of Campus Safety.

EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS

The Campus Safety Department coordinates with other campus and community entities to offer educational programs designed to promote the awareness of rape, acquaintance rape and other forcible and non-forcible sex offenses. These programs may include, but are not limited to:

- New Student Orientation Workshops
- Campus Safety Forums
- Seminars and classes from professionals in the sex offense prevention field
- Self-defense seminars
- Videos, brochures, and other resources which discuss the prevention of sexual assault

Please contact Student Life or the Department of Campus Safety to learn more about the details of these programs.

EVACUATION PROCEDURES

Every person in the building(s), including staff, faculty, students, visitors, and contractors, where the fire alarm is sounding or when a campus wide evacuation notification is given through the emergency notification system or when directed to do so by emergency officials, regardless of known or suspected cause, is required to evacuate immediately. Persons evacuating must leave via the closest exit. Any equipment that could cause a fire should be turned off before exiting if it can be done quickly and safely. Exits are posted throughout each building.

Elevators: Elevators cannot be used by any person as a means of emergency evacuation. Elevators in most buildings are pre-set to return automatically to the bottom floor. Use of an elevator can result in opening on
the fire floor, exposure to life-threatening levels of fire or gases, and being trapped in a malfunctioning elevator.

**Evacuation for the Mobility and Visually Impaired:** Persons with mobility impairment may be allowed to "defend in place" and not be required to evacuate if they are: (1) located above or below the level of building exit, and (2) physically cannot exit without assistance.

**Definition of Mobility Impaired:** Persons who use a wheelchair, crutches, canes, walkers, etc. Persons who are able to walk should exit if possible, but need to decide if they can safely descend the stairs. Those with emphysema, asthma, heart disease, and arthritis, depending on the situation, may also follow the guidelines for defending in place.

**Visually Impaired:** Persons who are visually impaired should, with the assistance of others, evacuate the building using the stairs, if they are familiar with their immediate surroundings and frequently traveled routes. If visually impaired persons are unfamiliar with the emergency evacuation route and assistance is not available, they should defend in place. To assist visually impaired persons:

- Announce the type of emergency.
- Offer your arm for guidance.
- Tell the person where you are going, obstacles you encounter.
- When you reach safety, ask if further help is needed.

**Hearing Impaired:** To alert people with hearing limitations:

- Turn lights on/off to gain the person's attention.
- Indicate directions with gestures.
- Write a note with evacuation directions.

**Personal Emergency Plans (PEPs) for Persons with Disabilities**

Although the process of developing a Personal Emergency Plan is optional for students and staff, WJU encourages proactive planning on the part of the entire campus community for emergency conditions. Individuals with disabilities may require additional assistance with alerting, evacuating, and sheltering in the event of an emergency.

WJU offers the opportunity, through a confidential process, to develop a PEP that could include such strategies as storing extra equipment or medications, providing Campus Safety personnel with your class and personal schedule, specific evacuation procedures, sheltering procedures, volunteer rescue assistants, and designating means of communication in the event of an emergency.

Although not required, faculty, staff, and students are encouraged to identify their concerns about evacuation in case of an emergency, and to develop a PEP that is effective for them.

Even without a PEP in place, having a cell phone on you at all times and programming the Campus Safety phone number (916) 521-0776 into your phone can allow you to alert Campus Safety if an emergency occurs and you have concerns about evacuating.

Students wishing to create a PEP for themselves, or those with questions about evacuations can contact Campus Police at (916) 521-0776.

**Defend in Place:** Unless the fire or other hazard is life threatening to a mobility-impaired person, or the person is on the ground floor (exit level of the building), then it may be advisable for that person to remain in her or his currently occupied room. If the individual decides to defend in place, he or she must immediately:

- Notify others evacuating that you are remaining in your room and ask them to contact Campus Police with that information immediately upon exiting the building.
- If a phone is available, call Campus Police at (916) 521-0776 to inform them that you are defending in place, and your exact location.
• Close the door to prevent smoke entry, and, if necessary, put towels or any other available fabric at the
  crack at bottom of the door.
• If possible, move to a window with a brightly colored cloth to wave to the fire department. Do not break
  the window unless absolutely necessary. (Breaking the window could allow smoke to enter the room from the
  floor below or injure a person below).

Emergency Response Drills

Campus wide emergency evacuations will be tested once annually in the fall. The campus emergency response
and evacuation procedures will be publicized in conjunction with the drill. Tests of the University’s emergency
notification system, Everbridge Mass Notification, will also be tested at least once annually and may occur at the
same time as the emergency evacuation drill. The campus wide emergency evacuation will involve all available
members of the University’s Emergency Response Team including predestinated campus sweepers. Other drills
and tests may be scheduled by the Department of Campus Safety including but not limited to SWAT exercises,
multiple casualty incidents and lock downs and individual fire drill in resident halls. The Department of Campus
Safety will also maintain documentation of each exercise; the date and time it took place, and whether it was
announced or unannounced.

Campus wide evacuation exercises require all occupants to proceed to the designated assembly areas which is
generally the WJU soccer field. If the soccer field is determined to be too close to the incident for safety reasons, a
secondary evacuation area will be announced over a megaphone. Regardless of the area that is chosen, all persons
should leave access for emergency personnel to enter the drive ways and building. The predestinated personnel
will sweep their pre-designated area and ensure that all occupants have left the building. These campus sweepers
will then respond to the evacuation area and report an “All Clear” to the emergency evacuation coordinator for
their pre-assigned building or area. In addition to the sweep, the resident assistants (RA) will also take a roll call
of their assigned students and report to their resident director. The sweep and “all clear” are an important
function as emergency personnel responding to the incident need to determine if anyone is missing and may be in
the building. If students, staff or faculty are missing, do not re-enter the building! Notify the emergency evacuation
coordinator and or campus incident commander of the missing person(s) name and last known location. Re-entry
into the area will be made only after clearance is given by the campus incident commander or his or her designee.

Personal Safety

Make it a habit to be cautious around campus, in buildings, and in transit. The Department of Campus Safety
hopes you will make the following steps part of your daily routine.

Around campus
• **Walk safely.** Don’t walk alone at night, especially in dark, vacant areas. Avoid shortcuts. If you must
  walk alone, proceed directly to your destination on well-lit paths. Look alert; be aware of your
  surroundings. Leave buildings on the hour or the half-hour, when most people are walking. Ask a
  friend to walk with you.
• **Help others walk safely.** Team up with another person walking alone at night.
• **Use safety escorts.** Students may request a safety escort after dark by calling the on-duty campus
  safety officer. This service is only available at night and is not available for groups. Campus emergency
  response always has a higher priority so it is advised the student wait in his/her car or inside the
building until the officer arrives. If in a vehicle in a parking lot, keep your lights on and flash your vehicle lights when the safety officer enters the lot.

Campus Safety advises students who are concerned about their walking safety on campus at night to walk with a friend, let their roommate know that they are leaving a building and will be arriving in a specific time frame, or walk when there is more campus pedestrian traffic. As always, a campus safety officer encourages members of the community to report suspicious behavior by calling (916) 521-0776. Officers are on patrol 24 hours a day and will respond quickly to emergencies. Campus safety is a partnership between the community and the department. Working together we can keep William Jessup safe.

- **Don’t jog alone** in remote areas during the day and never jog alone at night.
- **Carry a whistle** or other device that makes noise and keep it ready to use.
- **Don’t hitchhike.** Ask a friend for a ride or use the Five College bus.
- **Report suspicious behavior** or circumstances to Campus Police.
- **Don’t sunbathe in remote areas.**
- **Carry your cell phone.** Pre-program the WJU Campus Safety phone number (916 521-0776).

### In buildings

- Report burned-out lights to Facilities Management or, after 4:30 pm, to Campus Safety.
- Don’t get on an elevator with a stranger.
- Always leave room doors and windows locked. Draw shades at night.
- Don’t let strangers into your room. Meet visitors and delivery people at the main door. They can phone you from the entrance by using the access phones (outside each residence hall).
- Never prop open doors outside residence halls or other buildings.
- Don’t allow strangers into the residence hall.
  Sometimes people you don’t know will try to enter with you after you open the door. Ask them to wait outside until their guests can meet them. If they continue into the building, call the campus safety officer.
- If you are comfortable doing so, make it your business to ask a stranger in your building if you may be of any assistance. If the answer is hostile, evasive, or otherwise unsatisfactory, call a campus safety officer.
- Keep an eye out. When the campus is relatively empty, know who should be in the residence hall or office and watch out for one another.
- The campus card access system limits entrance to most academic buildings between 6:00 pm and 6:00 am; only community members holding valid access cards can access buildings unless an event is scheduled that may involve off-campus participants.
- Don’t leave valuables visible.
- **Lock your door.** This is the best deterrent to the casual thief. It takes only about eight seconds for someone to walk into an open room and take something. Even if you are only going to the bathroom or into the room next door, lock your door.
- **Keep your keys and ID Card.** Don’t lend your keys or ID access card to anyone; others may not be as careful with them as you are or may forget to lock your room. Do not leave keys or your ID Card unattended in public places or leave them in the pockets of something you are not wearing. Someone might take an imprint of your keys, have duplicate keys made, and return them later so you will not be suspicious. Since ID Cards can have value added to them like a debit card, if someone finds or steals them, they may also use the money you have placed on your card. If you are entrusted with the use of a
room or area containing WJU property, be especially careful with the keys and the property. Never let anyone else use keys for which you are responsible and make sure to lock the area before you leave. If your keys or ID Card are lost or stolen, notify Student Life or Campus Safety right away. Just like a credit card, your ID Card should be deactivated as soon as it is lost or stolen.

- Identification on Valuables. Engrave or clearly identify your valuables for easy identification. This sometimes will deter theft by making stolen property more difficult to sell and easier to identify if found. Always fill out a lost or stolen report with campus safety as soon as you know something is missing.

In transit
- Watch for strangers around your car before entering your vehicle. Look around the vehicle from the ground up and front to back. Use caution when your vehicle is parked next to other cars or vans. Look inside your car before getting in.
- Play it safe on the road. While driving, keep doors locked and windows up. Do not pick up hitchhikers.
- If another driver harasses you, blow your horn continuously to attract attention and discourage the other driver. Drive to a police station, fire station or call campus safety if necessary.
- Park safely. Park in a lighted area. Call the campus safety officer to request a safety escort from the lot to your residence hall.
- Wear your seatbelt.

Weapons
- Weapons are prohibited on the grounds of the WJU with the exception of law enforcement officers duly authorized to carry such weapons. No person shall be permitted to carry firearms or other weapons, concealed or not concealed, with or without a concealed weapon permit, while on properties owned or controlled by the University.
- For the purposes of this policy, the term "weapons" includes, but is not limited to, firearms of any nature or description, including shotguns, rifles, pistols, and revolvers, paint ball guns, taser gun, BB/pellet guns; firearm replicas; ammunition; martial arts-type weapons; explosives (including fireworks); bows, crossbows, arrows; slingshots; switchblade knives, double-edged knives, hunting (pocket-style) knives with a blade length of greater than 2 ½ inches; swords; pointed metal darts; or any other destructive device or instrument that may be used to do bodily injury or damage to property. In addition to the list above, any other items that may be used as weapons may be subject to seizure.
- Because these weapons may pose a clear risk to persons and property on the campus, violation of the regulations may result in administrative action from the university and/or prosecution under the appropriate state or federal laws.
- Students are encouraged to take advantage of community self-defense classes and workshop as well as any that are provided by the university.

Protecting Personal Property
- Take steps to protect your belongings. Most theft on campus is opportunistic—someone sees an unlocked room or vehicle and takes advantage. A surprising amount of theft takes place while the victim is on the floor but has just stepped out for a minute.

Automobiles
- You must register your vehicle with Campus Safety and to receive a parking permit.
- Park in well-lit areas.
- Remove keys and lock doors.
• Install antitheft devices (locks, alarms) for ignition, steering wheel, and brake and clutch pedals.
• Lock valuables and purchases in the trunk; don’t leave them visible.
• Record serial numbers of mp3 players, cellular phones, GPS devices, satellite radios, and other easily removable accessories.
• Remove navigation systems and cellular phones when your vehicle is parked.
• Report any suspicious activity to a campus safety officer, including people looking in car windows.
• If your car is stolen, notify Campus Safety immediately.

Bicycles
• Keep a record of the bicycle’s description, serial number, and registration number.
• Engrave your ID on the bicycle.
• Lock your bike with a heavy chain or cable through both wheels or with a hardened steel U-lock. About 50 percent of all bicycles stolen from campus are not locked. Bicycles are often “borrowed” without the permission of the owner; locking your bicycle will increase the likelihood that you will not lose your bicycle.
• If your bicycle is stolen, notify Campus Safety immediately.

In an emergency
• Rehearse in your mind how you would react in an emergency so your response will be automatic if something should happen. Consider enrolling in a self-defense class.

If you are followed...
• Remain calm.
• Cross the street.
• Change direction.
• Walk in lighted areas.
• Enter an open, lighted building.
• Use your phone to call Campus Safety (916) 521-0776 on campus and 911 when off campus.
• Go to the Campus Safety office or a police station. If you do not know where a police station is located, go to a busy area, fire station, or hospital. Find a place where you can get help.
• Above all, do not go home (giving away your address).

If you are attacked...
• Don’t be passive; most attackers expect a passive victim.
• Do or say whatever you can to throw the assailant off guard—be creative.
• Attract attention—scream, break a window.
• Disarm the attacker—bite, punch, kick.
• Grind a pen, keys, or knuckles into the top of the attacker’s hand.
• Do whatever you can to break the hold, then run and scream.
• Know where you are and Call 9-1-1.

If you notice that someone else is in trouble...
• Notify Campus Safety and notify Law Enforcement.
• Alert others and try to assist the victim as a group, provided it can be done safely.

If you discover fire or smoke:
Pull the nearest fire alarm and evacuate immediately and calmly to the WJU Soccer Field.

Do not use elevators to evacuate in case of a fire!

Once safe, call Campus Safety: 916-521-0776 (Dial 9 first if calling from a campus phone) and provide the following information:
  - Your name
  - Location of the fire by building or cardinal directions.
  - Call back number
  - Related information

DO NOT HANG UP. Wait for instructions.

Report to your supervisor, resident director, or professor once you arrive at the WJU Soccer Field

Stay with your department/roommates/classmates.

Return to your work/dorm/class ONLY when you have been authorized by WJU Administration or the Fire Department Personnel.

If trapped by fire in a room:

- Place cloth material (moist if possible) around/under the door to prevent smoke from entering.
- Retreat! Close as many doors as possible between you and fire. Be prepared to signal from windows, but DO NOT break glass unless absolutely necessary (Outside smoke may be drawn in.)
- Call Campus Safety and provide your name and location.

Extinguishing fires:

- Only use extinguishers on small fires.
- Only use extinguishers if trained.
- Remember PASS to use an extinguisher.
  - Pull the Pin.
  - Aim the extinguisher at the base of the fire.
  - Squeeze the lever.
  - Sweep from side to side.

Call Campus Safety if you see...

- Suspicious behavior or cars in or around a residence hall or other building.
- Anyone trying to open car doors or suspiciously tampering with a motor vehicle.
- Suspicious vehicles parked with the motor running.
- Damaged doors or windows in residence halls or other buildings.
- Loiterers in dark or secluded areas.
- Someone peering into or trying to open windows.
- Someone displaying a weapon.
- A stranger carrying articles like appliances or luggage out of residence halls or other buildings.

Call Campus Security if you hear...

- Someone screaming.
- Breaking glass.
- A stranger trying to enter your building.
- A call for police.
- A call for help.
- Loud or obscene shouting indicating a disturbance.
• An explosion or gunshots.
• If you notify Campus Safety, an officer will respond (and if necessary fire, rescue and police) to any section of the campus and Staybridge Suites. Please try to have the following information for the officer:
  • What you see or hear.
  • The address or location of the incident.
  • The number of people involved.
  • A description of the people involved.
  • License numbers and descriptions of cars involved.
  • The direction of fleeing suspects.
  • Your name and address (if you wish to give it)

Harassing Phone Calls
It is against the law to make harassing telephone calls. Federal law also prohibits the making of obscene or harassing phone calls in interstate or international communications. If you are receiving such calls or being threatened over the phone, notify the Department of Campus Safety immediately. You can discourage or dissuade someone who harasses you over the telephone by taking the following steps.
  • Hang up if the person does not respond when you say "hello."
  • Hang up if the caller does not give satisfactory identification.
  • Never give out personal information such as credit card numbers or survey responses to someone who has not given satisfactory identification. If someone claims to be conducting a survey, get the person's name and the phone number of the agency and say you will call back. Verify the number before returning the call.
  • Hang up at the first utterance of an obscenity.
  • Hang up without slamming the receiver or saying anything. Don't give the caller the satisfaction of an audience or any sign that you are annoyed. If the calls persist, one right after another, take the following steps.
  • Take the phone off the hook.
  • Blow a whistle into the receiver.

Some prevention measures that you can take from possibly being a victim of harassing calls in the first place are not to give your personal phone number to people you do not know and trust. Do not publicize your phone number or personal e-mail address on the internet on such sites as Facebook, Google, Twitter and other social networks.

Campus Fire Logs
A log of all fires and fire alarms in which there was a physical cause (i.e., smoke, heat, etc., rather than a faulty detector or system malfunction) are listed in the Campus Safety online Daily Fire Logs within two business days of occurrence. Visit the Campus Safety website at Daily Fire Log to see current fire log. When changes in the cause, origin or additional information become known about a campus fire, the Campus Safety Department will be make changes to the log within two business days of the status change.

Fires and Fire Prevention
Fire prevention is the responsibility of all members of the William Jessup University community. College residence halls are particularly susceptible to fires, and students residing in the halls must carefully adhere to fire safety regulations.

Student Fire Safety Education Program
The WJU fire safety education program is multi-faceted. Initial training on the university's fire safety policies and procedures is provided at orientation each year. Additional information and reminders on fire safety zones and evacuation procedures is provided to all students, staff and faculty prior to the start of fire drills for the year. Resident Directors and Resident Assistants receive additional training.

Fire Evacuation Policy

**University Policy on Reporting of Fires:** Fire alarms for university-owned buildings ring directly to local alarm company who will notify Campus Safety of an alarm. However, any member of the community who becomes aware of any active or past fire must notify Campus Safety immediately.

Every person in the building, including staff, faculty, students, visitors, and contractors where the fire alarm is sounding, regardless of known or suspected cause, is required to evacuate immediately. Persons evacuating must leave via the closest exit. Any equipment that could cause a fire should be turned off before exiting if it can be done quickly and safely. All occupants will assemble at the WJU soccer field and await further instructions from fire and/or Campus Safety personnel. No occupant will re-enter a building until clearance is given by fire and/or Campus Safety personnel.

Fire Drills

Residence Halls, Apartments and Staybridge Suites will have a fire drill performed at least once a year. The Fall semester drill will be performed in conjunction with the campus wide evacuation drill.

This being said, WJU did not perform any individual Resident Hall fire drills in 2013 but chose instead to conduct a campus wide evacuation drill using an Emergency Notification System called Everbridge Aware.

Fire Safety Policies

Of all the safety concerns on campus, fire safety is where the student’s action or inaction can have the greatest impact on other students and the community.

**Candles, Incense, and Open Flames**

The most frequent causes of residence hall fires on our campus have been candles and incense. Candles, oil lamps, incense, alcohol lamps, and open flame burners are prohibited. The policy also prohibits listed items for decorative purposes.

**Corridors**

State fire regulations require that all paths of exit, including corridors and stairwells, be kept free of obstructions. Bicycles, boots, shoes, boxes, trash, suitcases, clothes, beds, and furniture should never be left in corridors or stairwells. Any item left in the corridors or stairwells will be confiscated and may be thrown away. Students are financially responsible for any missing room furniture, including furniture confiscated from corridors.

**Electrical Equipment and Appliances**

All electrical equipment is subject to inspection throughout the year by the Department of Safety and Facility Management as part of a continuing fire safety program. For example, before a breaker can be reset, the cause of the electrical overload must be determined. A quick check of all rooms on the involved circuit would need to be done. All types of halogen lamps are prohibited. Extension cords may be used, but they must be UL-approved. Multi-outlet extension cords are also allowed as long as they are UL-approved and have independent fuse protection. Extension cords should not be run under rugs, in travel ways, or under furniture. Do not tack extension cords to baseboards or other areas of the room. The storage and use of the following electrical appliances in student rooms is prohibited.

- open heating coils
- refrigerators measuring over 2.5 cubic feet
• outside radio and television antennas
• space heaters
• heat generating humidifiers or vaporizers
• toasters
• toaster ovens
• electric grills/griddles

While most appliances are prohibited, there are a few exceptions, such as coffeepots, hot pots, and popcorn makers. Due to the limited capacity of the electric circuits, students are encouraged to confine electrical use to radios, stereos, tape players, television sets, clocks, razors, hair dryers, and computers. Appliances not in use must be turned off and/or disconnected.

**Fire Extinguishers**
Fire extinguishers are located on each floor of each residence hall. Extinguishers should be used for their intended purpose only and should not be removed from their assigned location. Extinguishers should be used only after the alarm has been pulled and the fire department has been notified. Only then should you try to control a small fire, if you can do so safely. Report fires of any size by dialing 9-911 from a campus phone, or (916) 632-4093 from a cell phone for Rocklin Fire Department and also notify the Department of Campus Safety at (916) 521-0776.

**Fire Doors**
Keep fire and smoke doors closed. These doors prevent the spread of smoke and fire, saving lives and minimizing damage to the building and personal property.

**Fire Safety Inspections**
In order to keep the residence hall free of fire hazards, fire safety inspections are performed four times a year: at the beginning of each semester, in November, and over the summer. The Department of Campus Facilities will follow up on any fire safety violations that are discovered during these inspections.

**Flyers and other Postings**
Flyers and other wall postings make the spread of fire much quicker and easier. To increase the safety within the residence halls, we ask students to post flyers and announcements in designated areas only. This is typically the cork board on the room door and a community events board on the main floor of the residence hall lobby. Flyers placed on walls, glass or fire doors, or on entry ways will be removed.

**Gasoline and other Combustibles**
Any item with a gasoline engine is prohibited in residential buildings. Gas barbeque grills, charcoal, and lighter fluids are also prohibited items in and around the resident dorms. A gas barbeque is provided at the apartments for student use only in the designated area.

**Room Furnishings**
State law prohibits the use of upholstered furniture in student rooms. Futons should be fire-resistant. Waterbeds, lofts, and hanging chairs are prohibited in residence hall rooms. Decorations may not be hung from the ceiling or sprinkler pipes.

**Approved Decorations**
- All decorations throughout the building must be flame-resistant.
- Only fireproof artificial trees may be used in College buildings. Massachusetts law prohibits natural trees and other natural decorations.
- If a holiday tree is set up in a residence hall, decorations must be made of flameproof or fireproof glass or metal. Items must be labeled as fireproof, not assumed to be fireproof. Only UL-approved lighting sets may be used to decorate a tree.
- balloons (filled with nonflammable gas)
- aluminum foil and other metal decorations
• posters made of heavy cardboard or paper that has been treated with flame-resistant solution
  (Check label for this information.)
• Window decorations must be limited to the glass area. Only watercolor paints may be used. The steel or wooden frames of the windows are not to be painted or taped with any kind of tape. Windows must be cleaned at the end of the event or holiday season.

Prohibited Decorations
• No decorations of any kind are allowed in corridors, stairwells, or any means of exit. Doors may not be decorated with cards, ribbons, wrapping paper, or natural wreaths, yet may have a bulletin board.
• Cornstalks, hay, straw, and excelsior are prohibited.
• Cut or live trees, wreaths, and sprays may not be used in the building. They may be used on the outside of exterior doors.
• Items that may damage the interior paint or wallpaper of any building are prohibited.
• Paper lanterns are prohibited.
• Plastic film and coverings are prohibited.

Items prohibited in the residence halls include, but are not limited to:
• Candles, incense, open flames
• open heating coils
• household-size and apartment-size refrigerators measuring over 16” x 19” x 18”
• outside radio and television antennas
• space heaters
• heat generating humidifiers or vaporizers
• toaster ovens
• All 3 residence halls, the apartments and rooms occupied at Staybridge Suites are completely smoke-free spaces. No smoking should take place in any space in these buildings or grounds. This includes, but is not limited to, student rooms, lounge spaces, bathrooms, porches, and balconies. Failure to comply with this policy will result in disciplinary sanctions and may lead to a loss of housing privileges. Please see the Housing Contract for more information.

Campus Fire Statistics

Definitions
The following definitions are applicable to this section:
• **Cause of fire:** The factor or factors that give rise to a fire. The causal factor may be, but is not limited to, the result of an intentional or unintentional action, mechanical failure, or act of nature.
• **Fire:** Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.
• **Fire drill:** A supervised practice of a mandatory evacuation of a building for a fire.
• **Fire-related injury:** Any instance in which a person is injured as a result of a fire, including an injury sustained from a natural or accidental cause, while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of a fire. The term “person” may include students, faculty, staff, visitors, firefighters, or any other individuals.
• **Fire-related death:** Any instance in which a person (1) is killed as a result of a fire, including death resulting from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of a fire; or (2) dies within one year of injuries sustained as a result of a fire.
• **Fire-Alarm system:** Any mechanism or system related to the detection of a fire, the warning resulting from a fire, or the
control of a fire. This may include sprinkler systems or other fire extinguishing systems; fire detection devices; stand-alone smoke alarms; devices that alert one to the presence of a fire, such as horns, bells, or strobe lights; smoke-control and reduction mechanisms; and fire doors and walls that reduce the spread of a fire.

- **Value of property damage:** The estimated value of the loss of the structure and contents, in terms of the cost of replacement in like kind and quantity. This estimate should include contents damaged by fire, and related damages caused by smoke, water, and overhaul; however, it does not include indirect loss, such as business interruption.

### Student Residence Hall Fire Safety and Sprinkler Systems

Below is a listing of residence hall fire safety systems.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WJU Residence Halls Fire Report 2013</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tiffin Hall</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Fire Type: 0</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Phillips Hall</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Rispoli Hall</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Apartments</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Staybridge</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Type: 0</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Appendix A: University Maps

Campus Map of Property and crimes reported on On-Campus and Public Property.
Appendix B: Staybridge Suite Maps

The Clery Act requires that universities report on crimes committed in buildings or property owned or controlled by the institution located in the area that is considered and treated as an integral part of campus and covered by the same security policies as the main campus. WJU has contracted out with Staybridge Suites located at 6664 Lonetree Blvd to house many of the students that attend WJU. WJU provides furniture, policies and procedures and resident assistants as part of the integration. A complete Emergency Action Plan was developed specifically for students occupying rooms at Staybridge Suites.

Map of Staybridge Suites – Area Overview
Crimes that occur in rooms occupied by students and all common areas where students are allowed to be in this location are reported. Areas include the west side of the parking lot, rest rooms, stairwells, lobbies, hallways, elevators, pool, courtyard, kitchen, laundry room and fitness center.
APPENDIX C: CLERY ACT CRIME DEFINITIONS

To aid in the understanding of the crimes reported in this document, we are providing the following definitions. These can also be found on the University Web site at http://my.jessup.edu/campussafety/resources/crime-definitions-clery/

[Source: Clery Act Reference Guide]

Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Negligent Manslaughter: The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sex Offenses-Forcible: Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Forcible Rape: The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her youth).

Forcible Sodomy: Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sexual Assault with an Object: The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Forcible Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or, not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Sex Offenses, non-forcible: Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.

Incest: Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by a means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used that could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)
Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. For reporting purposes, this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony, breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny, housebreaking, safecracking, and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned acts.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned, including joyriding.)

Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned activities. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Drug Abuse Violations: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (enzedrines, enzdrine).

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned acts.

Hate Crimes
Hate crimes must also be reported by category of prejudice based on the following: Race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity or disability. For the purpose of reporting the statistics with respect to the crime statistics that must be compiled in accordance under the categories of: On campus, non-campus building or property; public property; and dorms/residential. Reportable hate crimes include crimes in the above categories with a bias component, as well as bias-involved larcenies (thefts), simple assault, intimidation, vandalism, and any other crime involving personal injury.
APPENDIX D: DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, AND STALKING DEFINITIONS

**Domestic Violence:** A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by –

- A current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim
- A person with whom the victim shares a child in common
- A person who is cohabiting with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner
- A person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies [under VAWA], or
- Any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

**Dating Violence:** A violent act committed by a person –

- Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and
- Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
  - the length of the relationship;
  - the type of relationship; and
  - the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

**Stalking:** The intentional, repetitious, or continuous actions, directed at a specific person, individuals related/connected to that person, or a group of people, which would cause a reasonable person to feel frightened, harassed, threatened, or intimidated are unacceptable. Examples include, but are not limited to, unwelcome communication (e.g. face-to-face communication, electronic communication, communicating through a third-party, written letter, gifts, etc.), threatening or obscene gestures, and following a person or group of peoples.
APPENDIX E: SANCTIONS, PROCESS, AND APPEALS

SANCTIONS AND CONSEQUENCES
Students who are found to be in violation of the community standards will be placed on a behavioral agreement with the University. The behavioral agreement is a document that contains the findings of the conduct meeting along with various outcomes that will be in place for a specific period of time. This written decision will include, where appropriate, summation of findings. These outcomes may contain consequences and/or interim measures.

Consequences and Interim Measures
The following section lists some examples of Community Standard violations that differ in levels of seriousness and the more common resulting sanctions (consequences). This list is not exhaustive, but it serves as a guide in the student conduct process. In reviewing each violation, the adjudicating officer will consider the following that may influence the outcome: attitude and/or truthfulness of student when confronted and throughout the student conduct process, prior student conduct violations, impact of the violation on the community, when the misconduct occurred, and whether or not the student came forward to assume responsibility.

The following sections serve as a guide and are not a comprehensive list of all violations and possible sanctions, for a more exhaustive list of violations, please see the William Jessup Community Standards.

Level 1 Violations
Generally result in losing some privileges (e.g., open hour visitation) and/or a fine. Students may also be assigned additional Learning Sanctions (see below) when appropriate, or may receive a warning (for very minor violations).

- Living area complaints (candles, pets, noise, property damage due to negligence, etc.)
- Excessive public displays of affection
- Repeated language issues
- Visitation hour violation
- Tobacco (including electronic cigarettes) on campus.

Level 2 Violations
Generally result in losing some privileges and being assigned Learning Sanctions (see below). In addition, a student may be placed under Student Life Probation, depending upon the severity of the violation and/or previous Community Standard violations.

- Multiple Level 1 violations
- Alcohol/controlled substance violation
- Sexual misconduct
- Abuse of the student conduct process
- Disruption of university activities
- Failure to complete assigned sanctions
- Property damage/vandalism

Level 3 Violations
Generally result in an immediate dismissal from the University for one or two semesters.

- Assault (physical or sexual)
- Providing or sale of a controlled substance
- Theft
- Multiple Level 2 violations in the same incident (based on severity of the violations)

Learning Sanctions
In keeping with our goal of making the student conduct process a redemptive, learning experience, students are often required to complete an assignment that is designed to offer opportunities to develop new knowledge or skills, reflect on their experiences, and contribute to the community. These opportunities may include written reflection papers, community service, mentoring, educational programs, or counseling.
Sanctions may also include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following:

- **Formal apology**: A written and/or verbal apology to the offended party/parties.
- **Restitution**: Compensation for loss, damages, or injury. This may take the form of completing appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement.
- **Fines**: Previously established and published fines may be imposed.

- **Parental notification**: Parental notification may be required as a sanction through the student conduct process, and is generally required as a result of violations of the underage alcohol or drug policy, any Level III violation, or when a student is placed on deferred suspension.
- **Drug testing**: Students who violate the drug policy are generally required to participate in random drug testing for a period of time.
- **Letter of reflection**: This may include reflecting on a book or video or responding to a series of questions given by the judicial officer.
- **Mentorship**: Choosing a non-student faculty, staff, or community member to meet with regularly for a set period of time.
- **Alcohol or drug education course**: Online educational experience related to a Community Standard violation.
- **Loss of privileges**: Denial of specified privileges for a designated period of time. Loss of privileges includes, but is not limited to, open hours, vehicle permit, living in residence halls or off-campus, entering the dining commons, withholding transcripts, and attending or participating in university programs or activities (such as athletic events, intramurals, music performances, drama productions, intercollegiate athletics, graduation exercises, student leadership positions, club activities, off-campus study programs, summer travel programs, etc.).
- **Warnings**: Verbal or written notification that a student's conduct should not continue, and similar violations of university policy will result in more serious sanctions.
  - **Student Life Probation**: A period of review during which the student must demonstrate the ability to comply with the Student Handbook and other university policies or requirements. Probation status takes away the privilege of holding certain student leadership positions. Probation may, but does not always, restrict a student's ability to participate in activities such as study abroad programs, or other activities in which the student is representing the university.
  - **University Dismissal**: Separation of the student from the campus for a specified period of time, after which the student may be eligible to return. (See Dismissal and Readmission section)

**Interim Measures**

During the process, while the violation of the community standard is being explored, and based upon the information received by the Dean of Students regarding the matter, the Dean of Students may take any one or more of the following actions:

- Impose immediate interim sanctions pending a final determination in the matter, including, but not limited to the following: stay-away orders; removal from the residence halls; suspension from campus, classes, or WJU campus events that occur off campus.
- Enter into the residence hall, room, or apartment of the student facing the allegations of misconduct for the sake of removing any material that constitutes a serious risk of harm to other persons or property in the residence halls.
- Refer the matter to the appropriate police authorities.

The interim sanction will remain in effect until it is otherwise revoked by an appropriate representative of the University.
PROCESS

Right of Access
Students must submit a written request to see their judicial file to the Dean of Students. Access will be granted no later than 45 days after the request.

Right to Process
Students whose behavior violates the Student Standards of Conduct will be treated justly and fairly. This means that the disciplinary process of the case will be in a timely and reasonable manner. The process involves three components:

- Notification — A student has the right to proper notice of the policy he/she allegedly violated and when his/her case will be heard. However, based on the information gathered through the disciplinary process (i.e., during the hearing process), a student may be held responsible to additional violations than what was originally listed in the notification letter.
- Right to be heard — A student has the right to present his/her viewpoint and position and provide supporting information, and to have it considered by a university official.
- Information — Decisions in a student conduct case are based on reasonable and available supporting information.

Student Life Judicial Officers
The Student Life Judicial Officers are composed of faculty and staff who have been trained to hear student conduct cases. This includes:

- Dean of Students (Chief Judicial Officer in most cases)
- Director of Residence Life
- Residence Directors
- Director of Community Life
- Other university representatives as designated

In most cases, one staff member will be following up on alleged violations, but in some cases an additional staff member from the Student Life office may be present.

Dismissal and Readmission

Students dismissed from the University are restricted from the property of the University and prohibited from attending any university-sponsored events. Presence on university property, for any reason, without prior permission from the Student Life office will constitute a violation of this restriction and you will be escorted off-campus by Campus Security.

A student may petition for readmission to the University based on the timeframe set forth in the dismissal letter. Suspensions may be for a semester or a year. In rare cases, a student may be expelled from the University without an opportunity to return. For students petitioning for readmission for conduct-related issues, a formal request letter should be sent to the Dean of Students no later than one month prior to the start of the desired semester of attendance. The following conditions for re-admission consideration include:

1. Complete a short written statement addressing why you believe that the issues that resulted in your dismissal would not re-occur and how you would be an asset to the campus community in the event that you would be re-admitted to the University.
2. Demonstrate learning and growth through involving others in your restoration process. Some options may include a mentor, a professional counselor, and a local church body.
3. Attend an interview for readmission with the Dean of Students.

You have the right to appeal this decision in writing following the appeal process.

APPEAL PROCESS
Students who wish to appeal a disciplinary decision must do so in writing to the supervisor of the staff member who imposed the sanction on the student, or his/her designee. Students will have only one opportunity to appeal. All appeal meetings are closed and the proceeding may be kept confidential at the discretion of the University. Appeal meetings may be recorded by the discretion of the University without the consent of the student.

The appeal is not a rehearing of the original case and the role of the appeal officer is not to substitute his or her own judgment for the judgment of the original decision. The role of the appeal officer is to determine whether a new decision should be considered due to a procedural error, the availability of new information, or the imposition of excessive sanctions. Therefore, a student’s appeal must be based on one or more of the following grounds:

- A **process or procedural error** was made that was significantly prejudicial to the outcome of the student conduct meeting as it affects the student appealing.
- **New information** that was not available or known to the student appealing at the time of the student conduct meeting has arisen which, when considered, may materially alter the outcome. Information that the appealing student chose not to present at the time of the hearing is not considered new information.
- **The sanctions imposed are so severe** — considering the nature of the violation, student attitude, previous history, impact of the student's behavior on the community and other specific circumstances — that they demonstrate an abuse of discretion by the student conduct officer or Student Life Committee. (Note: a complainant may use the same grounds to appeal that sanctions imposed are not severe enough.)

**Guidelines for the letter of appeal**

1. Students must submit a written appeal to the supervisor of the judicial officer or designee within three school days of the date of the written decision. Written appeal must reflect the guidelines as listed in the following point.

2. The petition must include:

   1. **Names of the parties involved**
      - Clear statement of the nature of the appeal (must consist of one or more of the following exclusive grounds):
        - New information
        - Excessive sanctions
        - Procedural irregularity
   2. **A narrative of the incident including**:
      - Why it occurred
      - How it occurred
      - Where it occurred
      - Who was present
      - The information on which the appeal is based
   3. **The desired outcome**

It is not enough to simply assert one of the grounds for appeal. The written statement accompanying the appeal form must provide information that supports grounds upon which the student bases the appeal. For example: If the student asserts that a procedural error occurred, he or she must name the procedure with specificity and explain how the error affected the decision made. If an appeal does not contain sufficient information to support the grounds upon which the student bases the appeal, review of the appeal will be denied.

During the appeal process, the supervisor may choose to set aside sanctions as appropriate.

The supervisor (or designee), may, in response to the written appeal and upon review of all information and testimony presented, revise or confirm an earlier disciplinary process. The decision of the appeal may be made with or without meeting with students. After a decision has been reached, the student will be notified in writing by the supervisor. Only in case of sexual misconduct issues, both the complainant and the respondent will have the right to appeal the decision made through the process. Decisions made in the appeal process are final.
**Conduct Review Committee Appeals**

In cases that result in university dismissal (suspension or expulsion), the student may choose to have an appeal presented to either the officer or his/her designee, or the Student Conduct Review Committee. In addition, the chief judicial officer has the discretion to defer any appeal requests to the Student Conduct Review Committee. The Chief Judicial Officer (usually the Dean of Students) or his/her designee will chair the Student Conduct Review Committee as a nonvoting member. If practicable, the committee shall consist of two faculty members, two staff members, and two students (each selected by the chief judicial officer or designee).

The following process is such that after review of information, interview of witnesses, and deliberation, the committee will make a recommendation to the chief judicial officer or his/her designee whose decision is final. In the case of a tie or deadlock, the chair will not vote and the decision will be notified to the Chief Judicial Officer. There must be a minimum of five members present to constitute a quorum (including the chair). If the student behavior resulting in the disciplinary process involved violent or dangerous behavior, the committee shall be required to consider the safety of the WJU community in its deliberations and recommendation, and any sanction imposed on the student shall not be stayed pending the appeal.

**Notification**

Any disciplinary outcome resulting in university suspension or expulsion may be reported to the student’s professors, other university officials, and the registrar.

The university will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of any crime of violence (as that term is defined in section 16 of title 18, United States Code), or a nonforcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the university against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense with respect to such crime or offense. If the alleged victim of such crime or offense is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be treated as the alleged victim for purposes of this paragraph.

**Time Limitations**

The university may also extend its jurisdiction to misconduct that occurs prior to, but is not reported until after the graduation of the offender. There is no time limit on reporting of violations of the Student Standards of Conduct. However, the longer someone waits to report an offense, the harder it becomes for WJU to obtain information and witness statements, and to make a determination regarding alleged violations.